1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
3		
4	21 South Fru	2 - 1:33 p.m. it Street
5	Suite 10 Concord, NH	
6		
7	RE:	DG 21-130
8		LIBERTY UTILITIES (ENERGYNORTH NATURAL GAS) CORP. d/b/a LIBERTY UTILITIES:
9		Winter 2021/2022 and Summer 2022 Cost of Gas. (Hearing regarding
10		Summer 2022 mid-season cost of gas adjustment)
11		
12	PRESENT:	Chairman Daniel C. Goldner, Presiding Commissioner Carleton B. Simpson
13		-
14	ADDEADANCEC.	Tracey Russo, Clerk
15	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. Liberty Utilities (EnergyNorth Natural Gas) Corp. d/b/a Liberty Utilities:
16		Michael J. Sheehan, Esq.
17		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers:
18		Donald M. Kreis, Esq., Consumer Adv. Maureen Reno, Dir./Rates & Markets
19		Office of Consumer Advocate
20		Reptg. New Hampshire Dept. of Energy: Mary E. Schwarzer, Esq.
21		Faisal Deen Arif, Director/Gas Group David Goyette, Gas Group
22		(Regulatory Support Division)
23	Court Rep	orter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52
24		

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2		EXHIBITS	
3	EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.
4	38	Liberty's filing consisting of the Supplemental Direct	premarked
5		Testimony of Deborah M. Gilbertson and the	
6		Supplemental Direct Testimony of Catherine A. McNamara,	
7		including attachments and proposed Tariff pages	
8		(05-20-22) {CONFIDENTIAL & PROPRIETARY}	
9	39		premarked
10	3 3	of the Supplemental Direct Testimony of Deborah M.	premarked
11		Gilbertson and the Supplemental Direct Testimony	
12		of Catherine A. McNamara, including attachments and	
13		proposed Tariff pages (05-20-22)	
14		[REDACTED - For PUBLIC Use]	
15	40	Revised response to DOE 2-1, including Revised Excel	premarked
16		Spreadsheet DOE 2-1.b.1 xlsx, DOE 2-1.2xlsx, DOE 2-1.b.1	
17		(Re: COG standard format - initial rate and 25%	
18		bandwidth)	
19	41	Liberty's response to DOE 2-2, DOE 2-2.a.xlsx (Re: Summer	premarked
20		2022 cumulative under collection of \$9,606,269)	
21	42	Liberty's response to DOE 2-3	premarked
22	1 <i>C</i> 1	(Re: Liberty's assertion that market prices will remain	Premarked
23		"roughly at their current level for the balance of the	
24		Summer 2022 period.")	

1			
2		EXHIBITS (Continued)	
3	EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.
4	43	Liberty's response to DOE 2-4 (Re: Whether factors have	premarked
5		changed Liberty's projected pricing for Summer 2022)	
6	4 4	Liberty's response to DOE 2-6	premarked
7		(Re: Will Liberty update its May 20, 2022 filing? No.)	
8	45	Liberty's response to DOE 2-8	premarked
9		(Re: LDAC rates in effect for the Summer 2022 period)	1
10	4 6	Liberty's response to DOE 2-10	premarked
11		(Re: Bill impacts for each major customer class [but	1
12		see responses to DR Set 3])	
13	47	Liberty's response to DOE 2-11 (Re: Source of Summer 2022	premarked
14		<pre>projected send out requirements and costs)</pre>	
15	48	Liberty's response to DOE 2-14	premarked
16		(Re: Liberty's under or over collection for the last four	
17		years, by Season i.e. Summer 2018 - Summer 2021 and Winter	
18		2018 - Winter 2021)	
19	4 9	Liberty's response to DOE 2-16 (Re: Request for bill impact	premarked
20		comparing Summer rate approved in Order No. 26,541 to	
21		Liberty's May 20, 2022 filing [initial rate, reverse	
22		<pre>engineered] See Liberty's responses to Data Set 3)</pre>	
23			
24			

1			
2		EXHIBITS (Continued)	
3	EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.
4	50	Liberty's response to DOE Set 3 (Re: Compare bill	premarked
5		impact for Summer rate approved in Order No. 26,541	
6		with Liberty's initial May 20, 2022 filing.)	
7	REVISED	Liberty's Revised response	nromarkod
8	51	to DOE Set 3-1 and 3-2 (Re: See above)	premarked
9	52	Henry Hub Natural Gas	premarked
10	32	pricing data July 5, 2022; July 12, 2022; U.S. Energy	premarked
11		Information Administration June 2022 Short-Term Energy	
12		Outlook, pp 1-3 (Re: Changes in the NYMEX rate since	
13		Liberty's May 20 filing, based on May 1 NYMEX data)	
14		basea on may I windh data)	
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1 PROCEEDING

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CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Good afternoon, everyone. I'm Commissioner Goldner. I'm joined today by Commissioner Simpson. We're here today for a hearing in Docket 21-130 regarding Liberty Utilities' Summer 2022 Cost of Gas.

Let's take appearances, beginning with the Company.

MR. SHEEHAN: Good afternoon,
Commissioners. Mike Sheehan, for Liberty
Utilities (EnergyNorth Natural Gas) Corp.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. And the Office of Consumer Advocate.

MR. KREIS: Good afternoon. I'm Donald Kreis, the Consumer Advocate. We're here on behalf of residential customers.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. And the New Hampshire Department of Energy.

MS. SCHWARZER: Good morning [sic], Mr. Chairman, Commissioner Simpson. I'm Mary Schwarzer, Staff Attorney with the Department of Energy. And with me today are Faisal Deen Arif, who is our new Director of Gas, and David

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1
         Goyette, who is a DOE Analyst.
 2.
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Very good. So, for
 3
         preliminary matters, we're here today to discuss
 4
         cost of gas rates for the Summer 2022 period
 5
         above those approved in Order 26,541.
 6
         Company has proposed recovering the entire period
 7
         of under-collection through October 2022 of 9.6
         million in their proposed rate.
                    I'll pause there, and see if the
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10
         parties have any concerns with the numbers or the
11
         scope of today's hearing?
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                   MR. SHEEHAN: I don't have a problem
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         with the scope. I'll certainly defer to my
         witnesses of what the actual number is.
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15
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
                                       Okay.
16
                   MR. SHEEHAN: It sounds right, but I'm
17
         not sure.
18
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Would the
19
         witnesses care to respond? I believe, from the
20
         testimony, it showed October 2022, 9.6 million in
2.1
         the proposed rate?
2.2
                   MS. McNAMARA: Correct.
23
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay.
24
                   MS. McNAMARA:
                                   Yes.
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1
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
                                       Thank you.
                                                    Thank
 2.
         you. Very good.
 3
                    MS. SCHWARZER: Mr. Chairman?
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
 4
                                       Yes.
 5
                    MS. SCHWARZER: If I might?
 6
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
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                    MS. SCHWARZER: I don't need to make
         the remarks right now, but I do have some
 8
         preliminary open remarks that I would like to use
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10
         to frame the issues that the Commission might
11
         better reflect upon some of the testimony, just
12
         because you've been given a lot of information in
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         a fairly short time period.
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                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
                                      Okay. Yes.
                                                    Wе
15
         appreciate the opening, the opening statement.
                                                           Ι
16
         just want to make sure that we're here for a
17
         summer cost of gas, and that -- and that, in
18
         addition to just the cost of gas rate, we're
19
         talking about recovery of an under-collection
20
         through some time period. Is everyone okay with
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         that assessment?
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                    MR. KREIS: The OCA certainly is okay
23
         with that.
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                    MS. SCHWARZER:
                                    Yes. But, guardedly,
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in that my best understanding is that the Summer of 2021 under-collection is accumulative \$7.7 million, but, of that, I believe 4.5 million has already been recovered and is part of the rates established effective November 1st.

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CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. That is also the Commission's understanding, but appreciate the clarification. And we'll give the Company an opportunity to discuss that.

Okay. Very good. So, we've got the right scope.

Exhibits 38 and 39 have been prefiled and premarked for identification. Material identified as "confidential" in the filings will be treated as confidential during the hearing.

For Exhibits 40 to 52, I'm at a loss as to why they were not filed on time, since the Company replied on July 6th. The exhibits were filed after the close of business last night, in what appears to be part of a recent trend of after-hours filings. This does not provide sufficient time for a thorough Commission review, and nor are there DOE witnesses. So, the record may be --

MS. SCHWARZER: Could I --

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CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I'm sorry, let me finish.

So, the record may be kept open at the end of this hearing to convene an additional hearing.

I would like to hear from the DOE on this matter. And let me pause there and let you comment.

MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman. And I apologize for interrupting you.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment.

As some of the exhibits reflect, especially Exhibit 42, 43, and 44, in this somewhat unusual proceeding, the Department encouraged and hoped and expected that the Department [sic] would update its filing, in light of the fact that it had based its numbers on a May 10th NYMEX rate, and the Commission had subsequently suspended the matter — the tariff until October — until August 1st.

When that did not occur, we issued data requests on June 21st, and Liberty was not able to file its responses until 4:45 or 5:00 on July

6th. And, so, as of the date that exhibits were due, we had not read the materials that were received, the answers. We subsequently did.

And, as some of what's been submitted will show you, I think, in part, because of the unusual mid-season cost of gas adjustment, which is just — has not been done for a number of years, and because of Liberty's request for a flat rate, not in the standard format, there was some miscommunication or misunderstanding, based on the written Dataset 2, which we all worked together to correct in what was ultimately submitted as Dataset 3.

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One of the issues yesterday was that Excel spreadsheets that were attached to support the Company's clarified responses in Dataset 3 were 100 pages long, because the section that was intended to be highlighted was not -- was not delineated in a way that our process could pdf. So, when we tried to file Dataset 3 responses that had been filed on the 12th, we were unable to do that and ran into problems with Exhibit 51.

The Company worked with us, and clarified that there were no confidential pieces

of information contained in the revised data response to Set 3, which was filed I think at about, my goodness, 11:00 today.

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And, so, we understand that this is a very late submission of information. One of the problems in the cost of gas process is that, when a company makes changes close in time to a deadline, the Department is left without much time to review or reflect or anticipate how best to present information.

So, certainly, given yesterday's hearing on the 12th to discuss cost of gas formatting and LDAC formatting, we will also discuss standard response formatting, and how we all might streamline this. And I believe Liberty has already expressed an interest in streamlining the cost of gas filing.

We had been willing to propose, and checked with counsel ahead of time, with the suggestion of adjourning the hearing, instead of closing it, to allow the Commission additional time to review what we filed, and to have some opportunity to ask more careful questions than anyone could reasonably expect you to do with

documents that were filed yesterday and today.

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CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. I'll just comment that the testimony from the Company, Exhibits 38 and 39, the Commission appreciates. We had made some comments in the past and made some suggestions, and we saw that that had been attended to in testimony. So, the Commission appreciates that.

Attorney Schwarzer, I guess my suggestion would be, if, in the future, you get something, you know, on the 6th or the 7th, and you think it's going to take some time to go through, a heads-up or warning to the Commission will be very helpful, filing a letter in the docket to say "we need a couple of days to look at this", you know, "We plan to file something on the 11th", or something like that.

But, naturally, you know, we have a busy week. We have a big docket tomorrow, we had that one yesterday. And, so, being able to read through 13 exhibits, and this morning, was, I think, not possible to do thoroughly. So, I'm a little worried that we're not as prepared as we could have been for this hearing.

Let me move to -- and I will come back to an opening statement, Attorney Schwarzer. Do the parties have any issues with Exhibits 40 to 52, or do you have any objections to admitting those as exhibits?

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MR. SHEEHAN: I have no objections.

Those are our answers to data requests, and the information is accurate.

I just would like to comment that we are not to blame for the late filing of these exhibits. The first set of data requests came out on June 21, a month after we made the filing. And the gist of the documents that were filed, these exhibits, are essentially taking our original model, the May model, and say "Well, if you change this number, what happens?" So, there's a lot of that kind of stuff, which we got over the last few days.

So, we did make every effort to accommodate and to prepare that work, but it all just started too late.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Attorney Kreis, any comments?

MR. KREIS: Yes. No objection to

entering any of the exhibits into evidence.

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I just want to say, hopefully, in a constructive fashion, that, in some way, the OCA is in the same position as you folks are up on the Bench, because, unlike the Gas Team at the Department, and unlike Liberty, we're essentially in all of the Commission's major dockets. So, things are flying at us about as fast as they are flying at you. So, we confront the same kinds of difficulties that you do.

Which, to me, suggests that the impetus is not to cast blame on anybody, but to try to figure out how to get these cost of gas processes right, so that the proper analysis can be done in a thoughtful and rigorous away.

You know, these COG dockets don't proceed formulaically, or haven't been proceeding formulaically, in the way that the default energy service dockets do on the electric side. So, they shouldn't be treated in the same way.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Very good, Attorney Kreis.

Attorney Schwarzer, did you want to comment?

1	MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you, Mr.
2	Chairman. I did want to make a formal motion to
3	waive the filing deadline, and ask that they be
4	admitted.
5	CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Seeing no
6	objections, we'll accept the additional exhibits.
7	Are there any other preliminary
8	matters, before we have the witnesses sworn in?
9	MR. SHEEHAN: Just to articulate the
10	usual, that the confidentiality rule in 203, and
11	I forget the exact numbers, is the basis for the
12	assertion of confidentiality in these documents.
13	Thank you.
14	CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. And
15	MS. SCHWARZER: Mr. Chairman?
16	CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: We'll have the
16 17	CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: We'll have the witnesses sworn in, and then I will come back for
17	witnesses sworn in, and then I will come back for
17 18	witnesses sworn in, and then I will come back for an opening statement. Thank you. The process is
17 18 19	witnesses sworn in, and then I will come back for an opening statement. Thank you. The process is a little bit out of order, but it's a Wednesday.
17 18 19 20	witnesses sworn in, and then I will come back for an opening statement. Thank you. The process is a little bit out of order, but it's a Wednesday. Attorney Kreis?
17 18 19 20 21	witnesses sworn in, and then I will come back for an opening statement. Thank you. The process is a little bit out of order, but it's a Wednesday. Attorney Kreis? MR. KREIS: Nothing from me.

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         witnesses sworn in, let's move to any opening
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         statements that the parties want to make,
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         beginning with the Department of Energy.
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                    MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. Do I need
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         to pull this closer?
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                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: You're fine.
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                   MS. SCHWARZER: Okay. Thank you very
         much.
                    Overall, during the -- with regard to
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10
         Liberty's submission, the Department will support
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         Liberty's request for the 1.2295 per therm rate
12
         for the remaining three months of the Summer of
1.3
         2022.
                    However, in this unusual mid-season
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15
         adjustment --
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                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I'm sorry, my turn
17
         to interrupt. Can you repeat the rate please?
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                    MS. SCHWARZER: Yes. It's 1.2295 per
19
         therm.
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                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. That was the
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         original filing, right?
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                   MS. SCHWARZER: For the May -- the May
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         20th filing.
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                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
                                       Right.
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MS. SCHWARZER: Yes.

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CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes.

MS. SCHWARZER: We support that requested rate for the remaining three months of the Summer of 2022.

However, in this unusual mid-season adjustment, and the unusual format, in that it's a flat rate, with no bandwidth to increase, there are certain issues that the Department would like to bring to the Commission's attention with regard to the Summer of 2021 undercollection, the volatility of the market, and the nature of some of the exhibits. So, I'm just going to speak very briefly to those issues now.

The Summer of 2021 under-collection, it's our understanding, based on the witnesses' testimony and data responses, that, of the 7.7 million from the Summer of 2021, only 4.5 million was included in the under-collection identified and reconciled in Liberty's October 20, 2021 updated filing, which became the basis of the Commission's Order 26,541 for the cost of gas rates effective November 1, 2021.

This raises the prospect that adding

the 3.2 million Liberty inadvertently omitted from the Summer of 2022 rates could constitute retroactive ratemaking. And, while the Department takes no position on this issue at this time, which was recently discovered and which has not been developed, we wish to reserve the issue and the right to ask Liberty to return that 3.2 million, which is currently included in the summer rate, at a future time, if deemed appropriate. We also reserve the right to argue that interest on the 3.2 million, that was not initially included, should not be paid, as omitting it was imprudent.

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We here are also asking that the standard cost of gas format be returned to. And, although we, in the course of discovery, we had asked Liberty to treat the 1.2295 proposed rate as a new maximum rate, and some of our questions went to that point. Liberty did not do that.

And, through discussion, after the July 6th, shared that it considered the 1.2295 an initial rate.

And, so, we would ask that the standard format be reestablished, with the understanding

that the rate can be increased 25 percent, but also reduced without limitation. And that Liberty resume making standard trigger filings five months [days?] before the conclusion of each month, as is part of historic cost of gas requirements, such that the Company would disclose the estimated under-collection or over-collection, and the percentage of the gas revenue that that under- or over-collection represented.

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This allows an apples-to-apples comparison, both historically, within the Company's filings, and with regard to other New Hampshire gas utilities.

Finally, with regard to the volatility of the market, the May 10th NYMEX rate was particularly high, and, quite recently, lower NYMEX rates -- significantly lower NYMEX rates have been filed. Liberty, again, reflected in Exhibits 42, 43, and 44, declined to file an update, notwithstanding the suspension, which extended through, presumably, August 1st.

 $\label{eq:would-like-the-Department} \ensuremath{[sic]} \ensuremath{\text{to}}$ to take administrative notice of Northern's recent

filing dated June 12th, in Docket 21-131. In that -- in that filing, Northern suggested that its residential rate in effect May 12th of 0.9126 may be, in fact, be sufficient, such that it may no longer be seeking a second cost of gas mid-season adjustment.

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Moreover, it commented that Northern is now experiencing an estimated over-collection in its cost of gas rate, rather than the under-collection that had been estimated at the time of the June 13th filing.

So, with respect to that information, it is perhaps troubling that the filing has not been updated.

In the event that Northern proceeds with its second requested cost of gas adjustment, the rates Northern had requested, which, admittedly, has a different supply than does Liberty, would be 1.0973 for a residential rate, with a potential 25 percent increase, to 1.37.

So, we wish to bring that to the Commission's attention at this time. We also found it instructive and helpful, as shown in Exhibit 51, the revised exhibit filed today, for

the purposes of a bill comparison, to ask the Company to make the comparison between the currently effective rates, which I think are a maximum 0.6 -- 0.6984, a comparison of the rates in effect now, as ordered by the Commission, and compared to the requested increase. We find that helpful, because a mid-season adjustment comparison to the Summer of 2021 is not particularly meaningful, with regard to what the Commission is being asked to do.

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There are several exhibits that are just -- that were provided to inform the Commission that we, the Department, found helpful.

For example, Exhibit 45 shows the LDAC rates included in the summer cost of gas, including changes made in other dockets. We find that helpful.

And Exhibit 48 shows the historic overand under-collection for EnergyNorth's summer and winter dockets. It's a useful perspective for the under-collection issue here.

Exhibit 46 and Exhibit 49, in Set 2, are better replaced by Data Responses Set 3, in

the Department's opinion. However, we've included them for your reflection, because the initial list, we didn't have Set 3 at that time, and also to show — to demonstrate to the Commission that the Department has been diligent in developing the record and trying to clarify the issues for presentation here today.

Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. And before moving to the OCA for the opportunity to make an opening comment, I'll just comment that, your opening, Attorney Schwarzer, would be -- would have been very helpful to have been received in a letter form ahead of time.

It sort of summarizes all of the filings. So, it just helps orient us, and the OCA, I think, to give us a grasp of what's been filed. Because it looks like a lot of record requests, and it's very difficult to sort of sort out the point of the record requests.

So, a nice summary like that would be very helpful.

MS. SCHWARZER: And, Mr. Chairman, thank you. And, if I might, the exhibit list, I

1 tried to put in a short "re:" line for that 2. reason. But, of course, by the time you got 3 there, it was probably too late. 4 Thank you very much. 5 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you. Would 6 the --7 CMSR. SIMPSON: Can I ask one quick question? 9 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Sure. 10 CMSR. SIMPSON: Can you explain what 11 you mean by "standard format"? 12 MS. SCHWARZER: Historically, the cost 1.3 of gas filing is done with an initial rate X. 14 Which is projected as the forecasted rate, and 15 then permission from the Commission, without 16 further Commission review or approval, to 17 increase the rate as far as 25 percent more, or 18 125 percent, --19 CMSR. SIMPSON: Uh-huh. 20 MS. SCHWARZER: -- or to drop the rate 21 as much as necessary, based on market volatility. 2.2 And there are additional clauses in cost of gas 23 standard orders that direct each utility to make 24 a trigger filing five days before the end of each month in the subsequent seasonal period. And that trigger filing is done irrespective of whether the rate is changed, to record for, now, the Department and the Commission, what the status of the over- or under-collection is, and what percentage of the overall expected recovery that represents.

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Although, of course, I will defer to the Company, if they wish to correct anything that I'm explaining at this time.

And, in the event that the Company were to choose to increase the rate, or to decrease the rate, as may be done at 4 percent or 11 percent, it depends, tariff pages must also be filed and the new rates identified. And, so, that is all done five days before the end of the month, or five business days before the end of the month.

And there is, in the December reports that Liberty and the Department filed, in terms of procedure, a request to the Commission that, before the Commission grant or find tariff pages compliant, that there be some -- a few days that the Department might also review and comment,

before a ruling from the Commission.

And I hope that answer is helpful.

CMSR. SIMPSON: That is helpful. Thank

4 you.

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CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Does the Office of Consumer Advocate have any opening comment?

MR. KREIS: Just very briefly, Mr.

Chairman.

I really enjoyed listening to what
Attorney Schwarzer had to say, because, as she
was saying it, I was thinking "Wow, great minds
do tend to think alike." And, as proof of that,
I want to say that the only piece of paper I
brought in with me today, because everything else
is on my computer, is, in fact, the letter that
was filed by Northern Utilities, in Docket DG
21-131, on July 12th, which was yesterday.

And, while I don't propose to enter that letter into evidence here, I think I heard Ms. Schwarzer suggest, and I would agree, that the Commission can and should say administrative notice of what Northern Utilities said in its cost of gas docket yesterday. Which was that they don't actually think that they're going to

need a cost of gas increase, because, as they said, although NYMEX prices have fluctuated, the overall trend, at least recently, has been lower.

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So, I think, as a matter of public policy, and fairness to ratepayers, we need to spend some time here, in this hearing, looking at why one of our two natural gas utilities can file a letter like the one that Northern Utilities filed yesterday, in 21-131, while this utility here, in this docket, is requesting a much different outcome, resulting in a much higher rate.

Because the people of New Hampshire, and the journalists of New Hampshire who will be calling me about this, will compare those two rates, and they will be asking me, and you, and everybody else, "Why the difference? What accounts for that?"

And, as Ms. Schwarzer said, and as I'm sure Mr. Sheehan and his witnesses will say, "Well, of course, these two natural gas utilities are not fungible. They have different supply portfolios. They have different service territories. They interconnect with the

interstate pipeline network differently. And,
so, of course, they're not going to behave
similarly in every instance."

2.

1.3

2.2

But there's a pretty big delta between what Northern is proposing and what Liberty is proposing. And I think we have to make sure that we all do the right thing here, because it's customers who actually pay these rates.

Now, I suspect, or my hypothesis going in to today's proceedings, is that we will, at the end, tell you that we agree that the cost of gas rate should be as Liberty requested, 1.2295, which is to say \$1.22.95 per therm.

But I really want to reserve judgment on the ultimate outcome, because I want to hear what the witnesses have to say, and I want to hear what the Department has to say, because, like you, I'm evaluating all of this "on the fly", to some degree. What we're doing here in the hearing is really what we should have been doing through discovery and some thoughtful analysis that we just haven't had time to do.

I was intrigued and interested to hear what the Department had to say about that \$3.2

million that is being brought forward in a way that the Department is worried is an example of retroactive ratemaking. We all know that retroactive ratemaking is not just illegal in New Hampshire, it is actually unconstitutional.

2.

1.3

2.1

2.2

But, that said, and on behalf of the OCA, I just -- I want to be very careful about taking consistent positions before the PUC about issues related to retroactive ratemaking. As the Commission knows, I've taken a very emphatic position with respect to the proposed adjustment that Liberty has of its revenue decoupling reconciliation mechanism to account for \$4 million that I think was -- is missing, because everybody actually follows the tariff. So, my argument there is "you can't change the tariff retroactively." That's what "retroactive ratemaking" is.

On the other hand, as you also know, just a few days ago, I caved on a very similar issue about a reconciling mechanism in connection with Eversource. And I did that because they convinced me, in this hearing room, that there was very little time between when they discovered

a mistake and when they sought to effectuate that mistake through the reconciling mechanism that that Company was applying.

2.

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2.1

2.2

So, I'm not sure what my position is about that \$3.2 million. I'm not yet convinced that it is an example of retroactive ratemaking.

I hate retroactive ratemaking, because I love the law and I love the State Constitution. But I don't want to raise that alarm every time a utility tries to bring something forward from some past period that it thinks need to be reconciled now.

But there does need to be a limit, right? As I asked in the Eversource hearing, "what happens if you discover an error that is ten years-old? Do you get to bring that forward and recover that?" It is worrisome.

I guess that's all I have to say by way of an opening statement. I'm very interested in what happens today. And I'm glad that it appears that the hearing will -- that the record will not close with the close of today's hearing.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Attorney Sheehan, would you like to make an opening statement?

1 I wasn't going to, but --MR. SHEEHAN: If I could just --2. CMSR. SIMPSON: 3 MR. SHEEHAN: Sure. CMSR. SIMPSON: -- offer a comment that 4 5 would be helpful if you might address? 6 With all the information that's been 7 recently filed, you often, when you appear before 8 us, you start with a summary of what the Company's requesting, you outline the nuances, 9 10 and then you also end with a clear summary of 11 what the Company is requesting. And that's 12 always very helpful. And what I would like to very 1.3 14 definitively understand is what the Company has 15 requested in terms of reconciliation from past 16 periods, the past gas period, and then the 17 adjustment for moving forward. 18 MR. SHEEHAN: Okay. 19 CMSR. SIMPSON: Thank you. 20 MR. SHEEHAN: First, Northern already 2.1 received a mid-summer increase in rates early 2.2 this year, as the Commission is well aware. So, 23 their decision not to seek another one is not

similar to what we're doing here. And they

24

received an increase from 60 cents to 95 cents, whatever the numbers were.

2.

1.3

2.2

Second, since first impressions are important, and Mr. Kreis just attempted to give you a first impression of our recent RDAF filing, the basic argument there, and I can put it in one sentence, is the tariff language, indeed, directed us to rethink and properly return that \$4 million, but the tariff also approved a revenue requirement of X dollars that we couldn't keep, because the other part of the tariff told us to give it back. So, you have a tariff saying two contradictory things: "You can collect X dollars, you have to give back Y dollars." And that's the issue in front of you.

Our view is, the "directing back"

language is administrative, as Mr. Dexter said

yesterday in the hearing, a very nuanced quirk in

that tariff language, but the overriding goal of

the Settlement Agreement and the order was

Liberty gets a revenue requirement of X, which

they did not get. Period. I'll move on.

Here, the rate we proposed in May, the filing we made in May, has not changed one iota.

We still ask you to approve that rate, the number that was mentioned already.

2.

1.3

2.2

In response to the possibility that the NYMEX has stabilized, and maybe gone down,

Ms. Gilbertson will address that. It seems to have stabilized, but it still is going up and down. So, it doesn't -- we didn't think it advisable to pick another NYMEX, make a revised filing that may again change by the time we get here.

Contrary to what Ms. Schwarzer said, we did not propose a "flat rate". We proposed a rate that would not go any higher. We did not request a 25 percent bandwidth, because the Commission had, days before we made our filing, denied that request from Northern. So, we thought it disrespectful to make the same request you just denied.

But our filing fully anticipated that we would drop the rate, in the normal course, based on NYMEX, through the usual trigger filings. So, if you approve the rate as is, the very next month, if it's down, it will go down, and we'll follow that normal process.

1 Last, the reconciling -- the

2.

1.3

2.2

"retroactive ratemaking" issue, what you will hear from the witnesses is, last fall, you approved a summer cost of gas rate that included, incorporated, the over/under balance from last summer. That number was put in a filing made in September, based on estimated consumption through several months at the end of the year, through November, estimated future gas prices, estimated everything. Those estimates, as always, weren't right. So, what you have in this filing is the actuals.

There's no imprudence there. There is just estimates. And, as the testimony -- written testimony said, the price spike happened at that time, after September. So, we had estimates for fuel prices from September through the rest of the year. Prices went up. Our estimates didn't pick that up. So, therefore, we had that significant under-collection. That's all it is.

It's very plain vanilla. The number is bigger than normal, no question. But there's nothing unusual here. The same process that we do every year. Now that we have actuals, we can

[WITNESS PANEL: Gilbertson|McNamara]

```
1
         say exactly what we spent last year and what we
 2.
         recovered. So, --
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Very good. I
 3
 4
         think that concludes the opening statements.
 5
                    Let's move to the witnesses.
 6
         Mr. Patnaude, would you please swear in today's
 7
         witnesses.
                    (Whereupon Deborah M. Gilbertson and
                    Catherine A. McNamara were duly sworn
 9
10
                    by the Court Reporter.)
11
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. We'll move to
12
         direct examination, beginning with Attorney
1.3
         Sheehan.
14
                    MR. SHEEHAN: Thank you.
                 DEBORAH M. GILBERTSON, SWORN
15
16
                  CATHERINE A. McNAMARA, SWORN
17
                       DIRECT EXAMINATION
18
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
19
         Ms. Gilbertson, please introduce yourself and
20
         tell us your position with Liberty?
21
         (Gilbertson) Hi. My name is Debbie Gilbertson.
    Α
22
         I am the Senior Manager of Energy Procurement for
23
         Liberty Utilities.
24
         And you, along with Ms. McNamara, prepared
```

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1
         testimony and schedules that have been marked as
 2
          "Exhibit 38", confidential, and "39", redacted,
 3
         is that correct?
 4
          (Gilbertson) Yes, we did.
 5
         Do you have any changes you need to bring to the
 6
         Commission's attention today?
 7
    Α
          (Gilbertson) No.
 8
         And do you adopt that prefiled written testimony
 9
         as your sworn testimony today.
10
         (Gilbertson) Yes, I do.
11
         I'll get back to you in a minute with a few
12
         introductory questions.
1.3
                    Ms. McNamara, the same question, please
14
         introduce yourself and give us your title?
          (McNamara) Excuse me. Catherine McNamara, I'm a
15
    Α
16
         Rates Analyst for Liberty Utilities Service
17
         Corporation.
18
         And, Ms. McNamara, did you participate with
    Q.
19
         Ms. Gilbertson in preparing the testimony and
20
         exhibits that -- or, attachments that appear as
21
          "Exhibits 38" and "39"?
2.2
    Α
         (McNamara) I did.
23
         And do you have any changes or corrections to be
24
         made to that written testimony?
```

```
1
          (McNamara) I do not.
 2.
         And do you adopt that written testimony as your
 3
         sworn testimony today?
 4
         (McNamara) I do.
 5
                    MR. SHEEHAN:
                                  Thank you. I'd first
 6
         like to ask you folks a couple questions to kind
 7
         of confirm what I just said to the Commissioners,
         because I'm not a witness giving evidence.
 9
                    I'll start with you, Ms. McNamara.
10
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
11
         With regard to the under-collection, can you tell
         us what categories of information -- let me back
12
1.3
             The Company filed a requested summer rate
14
         that included a proposed under-collection for the
15
         Summer of '21, is that right?
16
         (McNamara) Correct.
17
         At the time that the Company made that filing
18
         with that particular number, there were some
19
         estimated figures in the filing, is that correct?
20
         (McNamara) Correct. Several months.
21
         Yes. So, first question, how many months of
    Q
22
         estimated numbers would be in that?
         (McNamara) There were actuals through June, and
23
    Α
24
         then July through October estimated.
```

```
1
         And what categories of information is that, were
 2.
         estimated?
 3
    Α
          (McNamara) Essentially, the entire filing. The
 4
         filing is an estimate of what we think the costs,
 5
         revenues, and therm sales are going to be for the
 6
         period.
 7
    Q
         So that the cost, the rate we charge our
 8
         customers, is based on, largely, on NYMEX
 9
         pricing, is that correct?
10
         (McNamara) That is correct.
11
         And that was estimated?
12
         (McNamara) Correct.
1.3
         The number of therms we would sell through the
14
         last months of the summer was an estimate of what
15
         our customers would consume, is that correct?
16
         (McNamara) That's correct.
    Α
17
    Q
         And, therefore, the revenues, the therms times
18
         the rate, was also an estimate?
19
          (McNamara) Correct.
    Α
20
         Was there any -- strike that. So, that gave rise
    0
21
         to a beginning balance for the Summer '22?
2.2
    Α
         (McNamara) Correct.
23
         Now, you made a filing -- we made a filing in May
24
         of '22, as we all know, to adjust the rate for
```

```
the market conditions. Did you update those
 1
 2
         estimates that were in the September '21 filing
         to actuals?
 3
 4
          (McNamara) We did.
 5
         And, so, that the May '22 filing, to the extent
         it's calculating a beginning balance for this
 6
 7
         summer, now has all the actual numbers from last
 8
         summer?
 9
    Α
          (McNamara) Correct.
10
         And that gives rise to the $9 million that has
11
         been mentioned?
12
          (McNamara) The beginning balance is 7.7 million.
1.3
         Okay.
    Q
14
          (McNamara) But, yes, it does.
         And that number is baked into the May 20 filing
15
    0
16
         that we have in front of the Commission today?
17
    Α
          (McNamara) That's correct.
18
         Okay. And the goal of every cost of gas filing
    Q
19
         is to take whatever over- or under-collection, go
20
         through all the math of all the different
21
         components, and come to a zero at the end of the
22
         period. Is that right?
23
    Α
          (McNamara) That's correct.
24
         Based on all the estimates and projections of all
```

```
1
         of these various categories. And, of course,
 2
         they're estimates, so, there's always variations,
 3
         is that fair?
         (McNamara) That's fair.
 4
 5
         And, last fall, there happened to be rather
 6
         significant variations?
 7
         (McNamara) That's correct.
    Α
 8
         So, from the fall filing, to the extent it
 9
         contained Summer '22 information, and we talked
10
         about the beginning balance, you described how
11
         that changed from fall to May. What else changed
12
         in the -- from the fall filing that the
13
         Commission last saw, regarding summer rates, to
14
         what's in the May 20 filing?
15
         (McNamara) We changed the NYMEX rate, the basis
    Α
16
         rates, which is a small change; the estimated --
17
         the estimated therm sales became the actual therm
18
         sales; and the estimated costs included became
19
         the actual costs included.
20
         And I believe there was some tweak to the LDAC
21
         rate between November and May, is that correct?
2.2
    Α
         (McNamara) There was a tweak to the LDAC rate,
23
         but it was not -- it was not due to a calculation
24
         error, it was due to other dockets that we were
```

```
ordered to collect through the LDAC.
 1
 2
         The energy efficiency dockets had a couple orders
 3
         that made the LDAC change through the winter, is
 4
         that fair?
 5
         (McNamara) Correct. And PTAM as well.
 6
         Okay. So, from what the Commission saw last
 7
         fall, to what they see today, we've changed
         estimates to actuals for last summer; we've
 8
 9
         updated NYMEX, plus all the numbers that flow
10
         from NYMEX, and I'll ask Ms. Gilbertson about
11
         that; and there were some small changes to the
         LDAC because of some other orders. Is that fair?
12
13
         (McNamara) Correct.
    Α
14
         Thank you. Ms. Gilbertson, can you tell us, when
    Q
15
         we say "we changed NYMEX", what impact that
16
         actually has on the filing? What numbers change?
17
    Α
         (Gilbertson) So, NYMEX is the baseline for all
18
         pricing. So, in the summertime, we buy most of
19
         our gas from Zone 4, which is Marcellus Shale
20
         area, and that particular price point is NYMEX,
21
         minus like a nickel, or whatever. Most of the
22
         pricing in the summertime is NYMEX, minus
23
         something. It's not like winter, where we're
24
         exposed to Zone 6, we don't buy at Zone 6 in the
```

```
1
          summertime.
 2
                    So, when NYMEX changes, it affects the
 3
         summertime rate quite a bit, because it is the --
 4
         it's the lion's share of the pricing.
 5
         As far as what changed in your world, from
 6
         November to May, NYMEX is the main thing, is that
 7
         correct?
 8
          (Gilbertson) Yes.
 9
         From Ms. McNamara's world, on the calculation
10
         side, it was this over/under-collection that
11
         changed quite a bit from last fall to now, is
         that fair?
12
13
          (McNamara) Correct.
14
         But, when you change NYMEX in our filing, as you
15
         say, so many other numbers depend on NYMEX, it
16
         has a cascading effect throughout the filing?
17
    Α
          (Gilbertson) Yes. It's all pricing. All the
18
         pricing will change, if NYMEX changes.
19
         But NYMEX is the 600-pound gorilla that --
    0
20
          (Gilbertson) Exactly.
21
         So, if NYMEX didn't change, and there changes in
    Q
22
         anything else, we wouldn't be here today?
23
    Α
          (Gilbertson) That's exactly right.
         Okay. Can you tell us what the magnitude of the
24
```

```
1
         NYMEX change was, roughly, from last fall to May?
 2
         (Gilbertson) Last fall, when we put the filing
 3
         together, the NYMEX was hovering around $4.00.
 4
         And then, when we put it together in May, it was
 5
         hovering around 7.50.
 6
    Q
         And you heard Ms. Schwarzer, in reference to
 7
         Northern, where there seems to be a suggestion
         that the NYMEX has stabilized and/or decreased.
 8
 9
         What's your take on where the NYMEX is now and
10
         where you think it might be for the rest of the
11
         summer period?
         (Gilbertson) The NYMEX has decreased. There was
12
13
         a significant event in Texas, back in June.
14
         was an export LNG facility, Freeport LNG, about
15
         20 percent of the exports out of this country
16
         were interrupted due to an explosion there, which
17
         meant that there was more gas contained in the
18
         country, rather than leaving the country.
19
         So, damage to an export facility --
    Q
20
         (Gilbertson) Was a plus for the pricing for our
         customers.
21
22
    Q
         Okay. So, that was, you think, a downward
23
         pressure on NYMEX pricing?
24
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Yes, I think, and so do a lot of
```

```
1
         experts.
 2
         Is the NYMEX pricing still volatile today?
 3
         (Gilbertson) It's hovering in the 6.50 range.
 4
         it volatile? It's volatile day-to-day, but the
 5
         outlook for first of month from July through the
 6
         rest of the term is -- it's right around 6.50.
 7
    Q
         And you said the May 20 filing before the
 8
         Commission now is based on a NYMEX of what?
         (Gilbertson) About 7.50.
 9
10
         And I think this is actually one of the data
11
         requests that was made into an exhibit. What
12
         happens, if we were to reduce NYMEX by a dollar
13
         in our filing, what impact does that have on the
14
         cost of gas rate? Does either of you -- it's
15
         unfair for me to spring that on you, --
16
         (Gilbertson) I might have --
17
         -- but do either of you have that number handy?
18
         (McNamara) Subject to check, it would be --
19
                    [Court reporter interruption.]
20
    BY THE WITNESS:
21
         (McNamara) Sorry. Subject to check, it was a
22
         over-collection of about $350,000.
23
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
24
         So, if the NYMEX goes down a dollar, and we don't
```

```
1
         change the rate, and all the cascading happens
 2.
         through the model, you would project a very
 3
         modest over-collection by the end of the year?
 4
         (McNamara) Correct.
 5
         Now, if the NYMEX stays at 7.50, is that the
 6
         number that gives you the zero at the end of the
 7
         summer season, for the over/under?
 8
         (McNamara) Can you repeat that?
 9
               The NYMEX in the filing is 7.50, give or
10
         take. And, if the price stays exactly that for
11
         the rest of the summer period, that's the number
12
         you used to calculate a zero over/under by the
13
         end of the period, is that right?
14
         (McNamara) Correct.
15
         So, the dollar NYMEX order of magnitude has a
16
         several hundred thousand dollar impact on the
17
         over/under, is that a fair conclusion?
18
         (McNamara) Correct, if you change the NYMEX for
    Α
19
         August, September, and October.
20
         Okay. So, I'll ask Ms. McNamara -- I'll ask you
21
         to articulate the rates and bill impacts from
22
         your filing. So, what is the rate that Liberty
23
         is proposing to charge customers, and now the
24
         beginning date of the proposal is August 1?
```

```
1
          (McNamara) The Company is still requesting a
 2.
         proposed rate of one dollar and approximately
 3
         23 cents, 1.2295.
 4
         And is it correct that the Company will continue
 5
         to make trigger filings and lower that rate, if
 6
         NYMEX numbers warrant?
 7
    Α
         (McNamara) Absolutely.
 8
         And what is the bill impact -- well, first tell
 9
         me, you computed a bill impact compared to what?
10
         This rate compared to what rate?
11
    Α
          (McNamara) In the filing, we compared it to the
12
         2021 summer actuals.
1.3
         And what was the bill impact of those actuals to
14
         this current rate, or the -- let me back up.
15
         This summer is going to have three months at the
16
         current rate of about 65 cents, and then three
17
         month at $1.20, fair?
18
         (McNamara) That's correct.
    Α
19
         So, when the rate -- I guess I'm confusing the
20
         thing. If you compare the proposed rate of $1.20
21
         to last summer's actuals, what's the bill impact?
2.2
    Α
         (McNamara) It's $130.11, or 54.36 percent.
         And that's over the course of the summer, is that
23
24
         correct, rather than monthly?
```

```
1
          (McNamara) That's the total six-month period bill
 2
         impact.
         Okay. Did you prepare other bill comparisons?
 3
    0
 4
         (McNamara) I did.
 5
         And could you offer a couple of those to help the
 6
         Commission sort of get a sense of --
 7
         (McNamara) Certainly. I did a bill comparison
    Α
 8
         comparing to the rates approved in Order 26,541,
         which was $0.5587, or roughly 56 cents. That is
 9
10
         a 67-cent change, or 120 percent -- 120 percent.
11
                   MR. SHEEHAN: You had a question,
         Commissioner?
12
1.3
                   CMSR. SIMPSON: I just wondered, is
14
         that in an exhibit? Would you be able to point
15
         us to the exhibit number, so we could reference
16
         that?
17
                   WITNESS McNAMARA: I would have to look
18
         it up, but, yes.
19
                   CMSR. SIMPSON: Okay.
20
                   WITNESS McNAMARA: It was one of the
21
         calculations requested in a data request.
22
                   MR. SHEEHAN: We'll certainly get that
23
         to you before, and Ms. Schwarzer may have it at
24
         the tip of her tongue right now as we speak.
```

```
1
                    CMSR. SIMPSON:
                                    Sure.
                                           Please.
 2.
                    MS. SCHWARZER: Are you talking about
 3
         the estimate compared to the -- the current May
 4
         '22 compared to the proposed rate?
 5
                    WITNESS McNAMARA: No, not the maximum
 6
         rate, but the original rate without the
 7
         25 percent increase that was in the order of 55
 8
         cents, versus the maximum rate that was in the
         order for 69.84.
 9
10
                    MR. SHEEHAN: We'll work on it.
11
                    MS. SCHWARZER: I know there are bill
12
         impacts in DR Response 3, but I just -- I'm not
1.3
         sure what you're describing. Sorry.
                    WITNESS McNAMARA: When Ms. Gilbertson
14
15
         is answering questions, I'll take a look to find
16
         that.
17
                    MR. SHEEHAN: Sure.
18
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
19
         And, so, Ms. McNamara, this comparison is -- that
20
         you're articulating is from the summer rate the
21
         Commission approved last fall of 50 something
22
         cents, to the proposed rate now of $1.22?
23
    Α
         (McNamara) That's correct.
24
         Did you prepare any other comparisons that we
```

```
believe are in one of the exhibits, and we will
 1
 2
         track that down now?
 3
    Α
         (McNamara) Yes. I compared it to the max rate
 4
         from Order 26,541, of roughly 69.8 cents, and
 5
         that was an increase of 53 cents, or 76 percent.
 6
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Thank you. And, when we
 7
         find that exhibit, I think it has a couple
 8
         others.
 9
                    That's all I have. Thank you.
10
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. We'll move to
11
         cross-examination, beginning with the Office of
12
         Consumer Advocate.
1.3
                   MR. KREIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
14
         I'm going to try to be really quick, and I think
15
         I might succeed. Largely because, although the
16
         musings of my learned colleague, Mr. Sheehan, are
17
         extremely interesting, and almost always
18
         persuasive, they are nevertheless not testimony.
19
                       CROSS-EXAMINATION
20
    BY MR. KREIS:
21
         I do want to ask, I believe, Ms. Gilbertson to
22
         comment, as Mr. Sheehan did, on what Northern
23
         said in its July 12th letter filed in DG 21-131.
24
         And, as we've already heard, what Northern said
```

```
1
         is "well, we" -- well, what the letter actually
 2
         says is "It is possible or likely that Northern
 3
         will not require any increase in the COG rate as
 4
         it had anticipated on June 13th."
 5
                   So, I would like you, Ms. Gilbertson,
 6
         to explain why it is that Northern is making that
 7
         filing, and Liberty is here asking for a rate
 8
         increase?
 9
         (Gilbertson) I'll do my best. First of all, I
10
         thought that Mike had mentioned, and I was aware
11
         of this as well, that Northern already did go in
12
         for an increase for the summer cost of gas, and
13
         this is our first one.
14
                    So, I believe that letter references a
         "second" increase to the cost of gas that they
15
16
         won't need. And we're probably in the same
17
         position they're in. We likely will not need a
18
         second increase in our cost of gas either.
19
         So, just to be clear --
    Q
20
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
21
         So, it is as simple as that, from your
22
         perspective? It's a matter of them already
23
         having been here, having already gone through
24
         what you are here, meaning Liberty, doing today?
```

```
1
          (Gilbertson) Correct. Well, I won't get into
 2
         their portfolio of assets, because I don't know
 3
         it all that well. I am aware that they have
 4
         ability to take gas out of three pipes,
 5
         Maritimes, Portland, and Tennessee, whereas
 6
         EnergyNorth has only the ability to get gas off
 7
         of one pipe. So, you are really limited as to
 8
         where you can buy gas, based on where your
 9
         entitlements are on the pipes.
10
                   So, I don't know where they're buying
11
         their gas or -- I know where we're buying ours,
12
         though.
13
         So, I think, then, that what I'm hearing is you
14
         agree with me that it's difficult to compare the
15
         two utilities, because their portfolios and
16
         connections to the interstate pipeline network
17
         are actually quite different?
18
         (Gilbertson) Yes, I do. I agree with that.
    Α
19
         Looking at -- I just want to make sure I have the
20
         correct exhibit number. I'm looking at -- excuse
21
         me for a second, this is the cost of going all
22
         electronic, I have to keep all my files straight.
23
                    I'm looking at the Company's prefiled
24
         testimony, which I think is Exhibit 38, if I have
```

```
that right. And the pages I'm relying on are the
 1
 2.
         Bates page numbers, which are different than the
 3
         page numbers listed at the top of the prefiled
 4
         testimony. At Page 8, I think it's
 5
         Ms. Gilbertson that says "The Company has no
 6
         other option but to take the Dracut capacity that
 7
         was available or else declare a moratorium on
         growth due to an insufficient portfolio of
 8
 9
         resources needed to serve peak winter loads."
10
                    Has the Company every declared a growth
11
         moratorium?
12
         (Gilbertson) Not to my knowledge.
1.3
         And are there other options that would be
14
         available over a longer planning horizon?
15
         (Gilbertson) There are -- well, we're hoping,
    Α
16
         that there's opportunity to maybe expand on that
17
         Tennessee contract to get more upstream to Dawn,
18
         Canada. So, we're investigating opportunities to
19
         get some upstream to connect to that.
20
         Has the Company considered increasing its storage
21
         capacity?
2.2
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Have we considered increasing our
23
         storage capacity? Well, we don't have entitle --
24
         we could have all the capacity in the ground, but
```

```
1
         we can't get it out.
                                It's the pipeline that gets
 2
         it to the gate. So, that's the problem.
 3
    Q
         So, in other words, if I'm understanding you
 4
         correctly, that wouldn't help, is what you're
 5
         saying?
 6
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
 7
         Okay. Has the Company recently initiated any
 8
         RFPs to obtain a lower cost supply?
 9
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
10
         How recently?
11
         (Gilbertson) Gosh, as soon as the winter was
12
         over, we're already planning for the next winter.
13
         So, we've probably sent out, probably, four or
14
         five, and then next week we're sending ten more.
15
         Does that involve acquiring any fixed price
    0
16
         supply that would stabilize the price you pay at
17
         Dracut?
18
         (Gilbertson) Yes, it does involve that.
19
         You mentioned, I think it's on Page 15, the
20
         Company's hedging strategy, and that you, I
21
         think, have been or are reviewing that strategy.
22
         Are there any preliminary findings that you can
23
         share about that review? I know your testimony
24
         is that you haven't completed it or haven't
```

approved it.

1.3

2.2

A (Gilbertson) Well, the Company is very interested in looking back in time what we did before, years ago, what kind of strategies we had in place. We changed them, and why we did we change them?

And, if that still holds true today, is the theories that, you know, came into play that allowed us to have a strategy of physical hedging at the Zone 6.

There are no concrete findings at this time. As I said, it's been discussed. The Company is very interested in -- we also have a mitigation cost strategy, where we have assets that are valuable, and we release them to vendors for a good fee. So, any opportunity that we have to reduce costs through cost mitigation, by capacity release or asset management arrangements, have netted, the bottom line, it's a direct -- it's a direct benefit to customers. Whereas, sometimes hedging, it's not necessarily going to lower your cost, it's just going to stabilize your cost.

So, we are in conversations with "what can we do better?"

```
1
         Okay. Just give me a second here to get to my
 2.
         next question.
 3
                    Looking at -- okay. Looking at Page 16
 4
         of Exhibit 38, which is the very last page of
 5
         Ms. Gilbertson's testimony, there's a discussion
 6
         there of the Company's Fixed Price Option. And,
 7
         of course, that's of enduring interest to the
         Office of the Consumer Advocate.
 8
 9
                    Has the Company taken a look at all,
10
         and I'm not sure which witness would be best able
11
         to answer this question, have you taken a look at
         all about the extent to which the FPO customers
12
1.3
         and the non-FPO customers have been
14
         cross-subsidizing each other?
15
         (McNamara) Can you repeat that one more time?
    Α
16
         Sure. I'm just referencing the Fixed Price
17
         Option that is mentioned by Ms. Gilbertson at the
18
         end of her prefiled testimony. And I'm just
19
         inquiring about whether the Company has studied
20
         the extent to which the FPO customers and the
21
         non-FPO customers have been cross-subsidizing
2.2
         each other?
23
         (McNamara) I am not sure of that. I have not
24
         done it myself.
```

```
1
                    MR. KREIS: Okay. I think I might be
 2.
               Let me just look quickly here.
 3
                          Those are all the questions I
 4
                I can't wait to hear what the Department
 5
         has.
 6
                    CMSR. SIMPSON: Could I ask one quick
 7
         question of the Consumer Advocate for a point of
         clarification?
                    MR. KREIS: You may. Of course.
 9
                    CMSR. SIMPSON: With respect to the
10
11
         Office's position on the Fixed Price Option,
12
         would you be able to provide a brief overview, in
1.3
         a general sense, of your position on FPO?
14
                    MR. KREIS: I'd be delighted to do
15
         that. Thank you for asking, Commissioner
16
         Simpson.
17
                    I believe that there should not be a
18
         Fixed Price Option. Essentially, what the Fixed
19
         Price Option does is cause one group of customers
20
         to bet against another group of customers. And I
21
         don't think it's good public policy, and I don't
2.2
         think it's good ratemaking, and I think that it
23
         shouldn't be perpetuated.
24
                    The other gas utility doesn't have a
```

Fixed Price Option, presumably for that reason. 1 2. And I don't think this one should have such an 3 option either. 4 CMSR. SIMPSON: Thank you. 5 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I see that 6 Mr. Sheehan may want to comment. But let's move 7 on right now to Attorney Schwarzer, and the Department of Energy. 9 MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you, Mr. 10 Chairman. I'll just briefly comment on the Fixed 11 Price Option issue. 12 It is part of the tariff. And, while 1.3 the Department is not going to take a position at 14 this hearing on the Fixed Price Option, 15 certainly, just generically, some people prefer 16 to have a set number, and it seems to be -- it 17 may be an issue of choice. 18 In the event that the parties wish to 19 change it, it's my understanding that, in 20 general, a letter goes out to customers offering 21 them to sign up, engage, perhaps execute a contract sometime in September/October, you know, 2.2 23 accept an offer. And, to the extent anybody 24 wishes to change that, it's probably easier to

change that before people have accepted it, as opposed to afterwards, or perhaps to include in the letter of offer that goes out some reference to the fact that it might be eliminated.

That is just a comment from the Department.

I'm going to try to address some of the issues that I think are most helpful here. And, first, I'd like to say that the Department has asked to preserve the issue of retroactive rates, and express — and to have the opportunity to request that the 3.2 million be returned. But takes no position, it's just too new a thought. It's undeveloped. We are not going to say more about that at this time. Just ask that the Commission note that we've reserved that — preserved that issue and reserved the right to pursue it at a later time.

BY MS. SCHWARZER:

2.

1.3

Ms. Gilbertson, if I were to tell you that, I'm going to speak a bit about the Northern letter, to suggest that Northern's May 12th rate, the rate approved effective June 1 in a May 12th order, was "0.9126 per therm" for residential

```
1
         customers, does that sound about right, if you
 2
         know?
 3
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Honestly, I don't know. I don't
 4
         know their portfolio.
 5
         Okay. Well, if you assume that it is 0.9126,
 6
         compared to Liberty's requested rate of 1.2295,
 7
         there's a different of approximately 32 cents per
 8
         therm, is that correct?
 9
    Α
         (Gilbertson) If you say so, yes.
10
         Well, in terms of the math. I mean, if you
11
         compared 0.9126 to 1.2295, that's $0.3169?
12
         (Gilbertson) Okay.
13
         Okay. So, do you believe the difference of 30
14
         cents is accounted for purely because of supply?
15
         (Gilbertson) Honestly, I don't know, because I
    Α
16
         don't know their portfolio. I don't know their
17
         cost mitigation strategies. I don't know if
18
         they're releasing assets. I don't know if they
19
         have AMAs. I don't know what goes into their
20
         rate.
21
         Okay. But, fair to say, 91 cents a therm is
    Q
         significantly less than what Liberty is seeking
22
23
         in its mid-season adjustment?
24
                   MR. SHEEHAN: You know, I have to
```

```
1
                  She has no basis to judge the Northern
         object.
 2
         rate. And, yes, it's less. But I don't think
 3
         these witnesses can really offer any more than
 4
         that. And then -- and Ms. Gilbertson's
 5
         high-level description that they have a very
 6
         different portfolio. So, it's apples and
 7
         oranges. Or, as my son's high school teacher
         said, "apples and drywall screws", actually.
 8
 9
                   MS. SCHWARZER: That's very helpful.
10
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
11
         Well, I guess I was just hoping that
12
         Ms. Gilbertson might comment on whether a 30-cent
13
         per therm difference seems significant?
14
         (Gilbertson) Sure. It does. But I don't know
15
         what goes into either one -- I mean, I know what
16
         goes into ours. I don't know what goes into
17
         theirs.
18
                   But 30 cents, it would be nice to be
19
         able to lower ours, sure.
20
         Okay. And part of what Liberty has built into
21
         its current request is the Summer of 2021
22
         under-collection of 3.1 that had not already been
23
         included, correct?
24
    Α
         (McNamara) Correct.
```

```
1
         And, when you say, I believe, Ms. McNamara's
 2.
         prefiled testimony says that "the 4.5 million is
 3
         already included in the existing summer cost of
 4
         gas rate", is that correct?
 5
         (McNamara) That is correct. However, I should
 6
         stipulate that, when we calculated the rates in
 7
         May, it was a recalculation. So, although it was
 8
         included in the first, we're not including it
 9
         again. We're still including it, it's the same
10
         season, and we should start with the
11
         under-collection. And, as I've stated earlier,
12
         the change is estimates versus actuals, as a true
13
         reconciling mechanism would be.
14
         Well, I'm just trying to be clear, that the rates
    Q
15
         currently in effect did include some
16
         under-collection, and the under-collection it
17
         included was 4.5 million, correct?
18
         (McNamara) It did. And it also included the
    Α
19
         revenues that offset that that we already
20
         collected, because we used the actual revenues
21
         from that season. So, any portion of that
22
         original 4 million that was collected was also
23
         included in the May 20th filing.
24
         I understand that the May 20th filing rate is an
```

```
1
         increase from the rate that's currently in
 2
         effect. And, so, to that extent, it layers the
 3
         3.2 on top of the 4.5?
 4
         (McNamara) Correct.
 5
         But the numbers approved effective November 1,
 6
         for the Summer of 2022, already include the 4.5
 7
         million?
 8
         (McNamara) For the -- say that once again,
 9
         because I think --
10
         Sure.
11
         (McNamara) -- we crossed seasons.
12
         I'll be as concrete as I can. And I'm going to,
13
         I guess, address this all to Exhibit -- Revised
14
         Exhibit 51. On Bates Page 039, I want to make
15
         sure I'm dealing with residential rates. Yes.
16
         Okay. So, Bates Page 039, "Projected Costs
17
         May 1 to May 31, 2022" shows --
18
         (McNamara) Could you hold on one second?
    Α
19
         Oh, sure. Yes. And I'll come back to this later
    Q
20
         again, I just want to get this question out.
21
         (McNamara) So, I'm in Exhibit 50, I don't --
    Α
22
         Do you have Revised Exhibit 51?
23
    Α
         (McNamara) 51 was what was just filed today, at
24
         11:00, correct?
```

```
1
         It's when you all -- yes. You updated your data
 2.
         request response -- you updated your request --
 3
         your responses to Dataset 3?
 4
          (McNamara) Uh-huh.
 5
         And I marked it as "Revised Exhibit 51".
 6
          (McNamara) My understanding was 51 was the
 7
         spreadsheets behind the --
 8
         Well, that was when we were unable to mark them
    Q
 9
         yesterday. So, when you all explained the 100
10
         pages weren't necessary, and it was reduced --
11
         (McNamara) Correct.
    Α
12
         -- in the revised filing, we revised Exhibit 51.
1.3
         So, if you have your data responses, Set 3, it's
         "Attachment DOE 3.2a", or "3-2.a". Are you able
14
15
         to open that maybe?
16
         (McNamara) I'm looking for it. I had to leave
17
         the office to get here.
18
         Okay.
    Q
19
          (McNamara) So, I don't have the exact exhibit in
    Α
20
         front of me.
21
                    CMSR. SIMPSON: Ms. Schwarzer, can you
         restate the Bates page you're on?
22
23
                    MS. SCHWARZER: Happy to. Bates
24
         Page 039, --
```

```
1
                    CMSR. SIMPSON: Thank you.
 2.
                    MS. SCHWARZER: -- in Revised
 3
         Exhibit 51.
 4
                    CMSR. SIMPSON: Okay. Thank you.
 5
                    WITNESS McNAMARA: I believe I have it.
 6
                    MS. SCHWARZER: Okay. I have a
 7
         hardcopy, if that would be helpful. There's an
 8
         extra hardcopy, if I could approach the witness?
 9
         Thank you.
10
                    [Atty. Schwarzer handing document to
11
                    Witness McNamara.
12
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
1.3
         So, Bates Page 059 -- or, excuse me, Bates Page
14
         039, at the top, under "Projected Costs May 1,
15
         2022 to May 31st, 2022", there's a residential
16
         cost of gas rate per therm, identified as
17
         "0.6984". And that is the maximum cost of gas
18
         rate that was approved effective November 1st,
19
         correct?
20
         (McNamara) It's approved for the summer. It was
21
         approved on November 1st, for the summer period
22
         beginning May 1st.
23
    Q
         Correct.
24
         (McNamara) That's what I was getting confused on,
```

```
1
         when you said "November 1".
 2
         Okay. There's a November 1 order, but the cost
 3
         of gas that was approved in the -- for the Summer
 4
         of '22 included a maximum cost of gas rate, which
 5
         is the only rate that has been charged for the
 6
         Summer of 2022 EnergyNorth period, is that
 7
         correct?
         (McNamara) That's correct. May through July.
 8
         And, for this rate, the 0.6984, was calculated
 9
    Q
10
         assuming the 4.5 under-collection, that included
11
         the 4.5 under-collection already?
12
         (McNamara) Correct.
13
         So, if there hadn't been a volatile market, and
14
         had the under-collection only been 4.5 million,
15
         Liberty would have collected that in this period,
16
         if it charged the maximum rate for all six
17
         months?
18
         (McNamara) In theory, correct.
    Α
19
         Okay. So, I will come back to this page soon.
20
         But I did want to go back to a couple preliminary
21
         questions.
22
                    For the Summer of 2021, Liberty was
23
         aware that the cost of gas it was charging, at
24
         the maximum rate for the Summer of 2021, was
```

```
1
         insufficient to meet the under-collection being
 2
         generated at that time, is that correct?
         (McNamara) That's correct. And it was in our
 3
    Α
 4
         letter to the Commission.
 5
         And, so, in your -- I was going to say, in the
 6
         trigger filing letters that you filed in the
 7
         Summer of 2021, starting in about July, Liberty
         anticipated that it might need to file a
 9
         mid-season cost of gas adjustment in the Summer
10
         of 2021?
11
         (McNamara) That is correct.
    Α
12
         And it so happens that you chose not to, and I'm
1.3
         not criticizing that at this time, but Liberty
14
         was aware that there was a significant
15
         under-collection for the Summer of 2021 period?
16
         (McNamara) It was aware that the under-collection
17
         was growing at that time. However, it was based
18
         on, by July, it would have had one month of
19
         actuals, and still have all estimates otherwise.
20
         Well, I understand that you deal with that every
21
         summer, when you're dealing with estimating an
22
         under-collection for any summer period for
         EnergyNorth. The billing period is what it is.
23
24
         And you only have actuals at a certain time,
```

```
1
         correct? It's no different --
 2
         (McNamara) That is correct. Yes.
 3
    Q
         No different for the Summer of 2021. And, if you
 4
         look at what's been marked "Exhibit 48", the
 5
         Company has provided a list of historic under-
         and over-collections for summer periods. And,
 6
 7
         for Summer of 2018, it was an under-collection of
         1.9 million; for the Summer of 2019, it was an
 8
         over-collection of about a million; for Summer of
 9
         2020, it was an over-collection of about 400,000;
10
11
         and then we get to the Summer of 2021, and it's
         7 million?
12
1.3
         (McNamara) Correct.
    Α
14
         Okay. In the initial projection for the summer
    Q
15
         cost of gas rate, the under-collection the
16
         Company provided was the beginning, sort of hub,
17
         of what the forecasted rates for Summer of 2022
18
         were, is that correct? You start with the
19
         under-collection, and then put the forecasted
20
         rates on top?
21
         (McNamara) Yes. That's what the 4 million
    Α
22
         included.
23
    Q
         And that, I don't know if you're familiar with
24
         descriptions of the cost of gas mechanism, and
```

```
when something becomes final and when it doesn't,
 1
 2
         but there's a May 14, 2021 order, Order 26,480,
 3
         that states "Once the over- or under-recovery is
 4
         approved, and included in the upcoming period's
 5
         rates, the incurred costs are considered prudent,
 6
         and the over- or under-recovery will not be
 7
         retroactively adjusted." Are you familiar with
         that provision?
 9
                    MR. SHEEHAN: Objection. This is
10
         really a legal question of what is appropriately
11
         recovered or not.
12
                    MS. SCHWARZER: Well, I'm not going to
13
         ask her the legal question. I'm just going to
14
         ask her if, in that initial proceeding to
15
         determine the summer rates, if the over- or
16
         under-recovery was approved and included in the
17
         upcoming period's rates.
18
    BY THE WITNESS:
19
          (McNamara) It was, based on estimates, like it
20
         always is.
21
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
2.2
         Could you please speak to how it was that the
23
         3.2 million was left out?
```

(McNamara) The 3.2 million wasn't left out.

24

was not an error. It's the difference between 1 2 what the Company estimated, based on the best 3 information it had for the 2021 season, compared 4 to the actuals that came in for the '21 -- 2021 5 season. Which were included in a reconciliation, 6 I don't have the exact date that it was filed. 7 It was filed and audited. 8 And, at a recent technical session, weren't we 9 discussing this very issue, and wasn't the gist 10 of the conversation that there had been a problem 11 with the volume numbers, such that the correct 12 calculation for the Summer of 2021 13 over-collection was missed? 14 (McNamara) So, the issue with the volumes that we Α 15 were discussing previously has to do with how we 16 calculate the individual rate, not the costs that 17 are included. And, because we were at the 18 maximum rate for the entire summer, whatever 19 therms we used, we use therms that 20 underestimated, we used a greater amount of 21 therms than the actuals came in that we -- as our 22 sales of therms. So, our calculated rates were lower than they would have been, if we had used 23 24 the 23 million that we used in the May 20th

```
1
         filing.
 2
         Thank you.
 3
          (McNamara) However, we were at the maximum rate
 4
         for the entire summer. So, our rates were
 5
         calculating above the maximum, based on a rate
 6
         that was actually understated. So, it really had
 7
         no bearing on the calculation of the cost per
         therm that we charge, because we charged the
 9
         maximum.
10
         Thank you. If we look at just the
11
         under-collection for each month of the Summer
12
         2022, do you think it's fair to say that, because
1.3
         of market volatility, the estimated
14
         under-collection for each month is approximately
15
         $300,000?
16
         (McNamara) I will have to look at the filing.
17
         Give me a second.
18
                    I don't believe in the filing we have
19
         the monthly over- or under-collection. I would
20
         have to verify that.
21
         Do you remember a discussion in technical
    Q
2.2
         sessions where we -- where Liberty estimated that
         the monthly under-collection for the Summer of
23
24
          '22 was approximately $300,000?
```

```
1
          (McNamara) I do remember those conversations.
 2
         So, very roughly, --
 3
    Α
         (McNamara) Yes.
 4
         -- $300,000. And, so, if we look at the
 5
         under-collection that had yet to be incorporated
 6
         into the maximum rate that is in effect right
         now, it's roughly 3.2 million for the Summer of
 7
         2021, and roughly 1.8 million for the Summer of
         2022?
 9
10
         (McNamara) I'll have to take your word for it.
11
         don't --
12
         Please don't take my word for it.
13
         (McNamara) I don't have those numbers to confirm
14
         them in front of me.
15
         Well, if we take Liberty's estimate of roughly
    0
16
         $300,000 per month for the Summer of 2022, and
17
         the 3.2 million that was not included from the
18
         Summer of 2021, that's roughly $5 million to be
19
         incorporated into the mid-season adjustment?
20
         (McNamara) The math you're stating sounds
    Α
21
         correct. However, those conversations, I
22
         remember hearing the number "300,000", but,
23
         without going back to see how we calculated that,
24
         I can't say that the 300,000 would tie out to the
```

```
1
         numbers that you're --
 2
         Okay.
 3
          (McNamara) I'd have to make sure that I
 4
         understood what was included in that --
 5
    Q
         Okay.
 6
          (McNamara) -- to calculate the 300,000.
 7
    Q
         Okay.
 8
          (McNamara) Sorry.
 9
         Let's look at Exhibit 52, which is Department's
    Q
10
         Exhibit 52. It's some information from the Henry
11
         Hub gas pricing, Page 1. Sorry, what I'm looking
12
         at is Bates Page -- we jumped to 200, because of
13
         the Excel spreadsheet problem. So, Bates Page
14
         201, shows the Henry Hub natural gas price
15
         effective July 5th, 2022. There's a date up in
16
         this, very small, on the left-hand side.
17
                    I'm sorry, that's probably a question
18
         for Ms. Gilbertson.
19
          (Gilbertson) I didn't provide this, but I can
    Α
20
         speak to it. What was the question?
21
         These are actually -- this is a printout that the
    Q
22
         Department filed. It's a Henry Hub natural gas
23
         print of -- dated July 5th, 2022.
24
    Α
          (Gilbertson) Okay.
```

```
1
         And it shows the last rate of "$5.487" per therm.
 2
         Do you remember roughly that rate at that time?
 3
    Α
         (Gilbertson) I'm sorry. I see -- where am I
 4
         looking? I'm looking at August 2022, with a
 5
         settlement at "6.59".
 6
         Are you looking at Page 201, Bates Pages 201?
 7
         (Gilbertson) 201.
    Α
 8
         DOE Exhibit 52.
9
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
10
         At the top, and Bates Page 201?
11
                   MR. KREIS: It's the first page of the
12
         exhibit.
1.3
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
         The very first page of the exhibit.
14
15
         (McNamara) That is correct.
    Α
16
         (Gilbertson) Okay. That helps. Thank you.
17
         Okay. Yes.
18
         Okay. So, there's a date on the left-hand side,
    Q.
19
         "July 5th", "as of July 5th, 2022". And it shows
         a rate "5.487". Correct?
20
21
         (Gilbertson) Yes, I see that, but I don't know
    Α
22
         what it's for. Where's the date? I don't see
23
         that date. Oh. Okay. "As of July", okay. So,
24
         this was pulled from on July 5th, --
```

```
1
         Correct.
 2
         (Gilbertson) -- looks like. Okay.
 3
    Q
         And it shows "5.487" per therm. Do you remember
 4
         the prices being roughly there on July 5th?
 5
         (Gilbertson) Well, this is probably a daily
 6
         price. It's not a settled price.
 7
    Q
         Okay.
 8
         (Gilbertson) So, do I remember this? No.
 9
         don't doubt it. It's --
10
         Does it seem consistent with where prices were
11
         going in July?
12
         (Gilbertson) They go up and down every day, and
13
         then they settle. And, when you go further down
14
         on this page, and you look at, I guess, Page --
         Well, --
15
    0
16
         (Gilbertson) -- Page 2 of 6, and you see that
17
         August is settling, the last is "6.59".
18
         just where it is on that day. And, when it
19
         really settles, that's just a projection of
20
         settlement. It is not the settled.
21
         And you're directing our attention to Bates Page
    Q
22
         202, correct?
23
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
24
         Okay. And that's a different date, that's of
```

```
1
         July 12th.
 2
          (Gilbertson) Oh, okay.
 3
         And that shows --
 4
          (Gilbertson) That shows --
 5
                    [Court reporter interruption, multiple
 6
                    parties speaking at the same time.]
 7
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
 8
         Just to direct your attention to Bates Page 202,
 9
         that shows the date of "July 12". It shows the
10
         "6.167" is the daily price. And then, the
11
         estimated volume, as you look down for each
12
         month, there are different totals hovering around
13
         6.5, 6.4, 6.3, somewhere in there.
14
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
    Α
15
         Would you agree?
16
         (Gilbertson) I agree.
17
         Okay. And then, the last page I'm going to
18
         direct you to in this exhibit, Page 204, which is
19
         Page 1 of a "U.S. Energy Information
20
         Administration Short-Term Energy Outlook", dated
         "June 2022".
21
22
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
23
         If you look at -- where is the -- sorry, Page
24
         205, the first bullet point under "Natural Gas",
```

```
1
         it says "We expect the Henry Hub spot price to
 2
         average 8.69 per million British thermal units
 3
         (MMBtu)." Do you see that?
 4
         (Gilbertson) Yes, I do.
 5
         Does that seem consistent with the information
 6
         that you have before you at this time?
 7
    Α
         (Gilbertson) It's information I have in front of
 8
         me at this time, yes.
         Is that consistent with your professional opinion
 9
    Q
10
         about where prices might go for Q3?
11
         (Gilbertson) Oh. When we ran the forwards, it
    Α
12
         was around 6.50. So, I mean, this --
13
         So, I'm sorry, I think I'm confusing you. Bates
    Q
14
         Page 205 --
15
         (Gilbertson) Uh-huh.
    Α
16
         -- says that, for Quarter 3, so, September,
17
         October, November, their projection for the Henry
18
         Hub spot price is $8.69 per MMBtu, which is, I
19
         hope you agree with me, is roughly a dekatherm?
20
         (Gilbertson) Okay. So, this -- this is in May,
    Α
21
         it says -- and, yes, I do agree with this,
22
         because it settled at 8.10 in June. So, this is,
23
         I think, dated information. But I'd agree with
24
         it, because I know what it settled at in June.
```

```
1
         June was high.
 2
         Okay. So, is $8.69 per MMBtu roughly equivalent
 3
         to $0.869 per therm?
 4
          (Gilbertson) It would be 86 cents per therm.
 5
         86 cents, right.
 6
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
 7
         Or $0.89 -- $0.86, the same thing?
    Q
 8
         (Gilbertson) Okay.
 9
    Q
         Right?
10
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
11
                    MS. SCHWARZER: I'm sorry for the
12
         record. Apologies.
1.3
                    Okay. Thank you. I'm all set with
         that exhibit.
14
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
15
16
         So, if we can turn to Exhibit 51 again, Revised
17
         Exhibit 51. Bates Page 032 asked Liberty to
18
         compare, at the top, the May through July maximum
19
         rate as it actually was charged, and the August
20
         to October proposed maximum rate of the 1.2295
21
         per therm, with the existing maximum rates as if
22
         they had been charged for the duration of the
23
         summer. Is that correct?
24
    Α
          (McNamara) Yes. That's correct.
```

```
1
         And just to walk the Commission through this a
 2
         little more slowly, at the very bottom, the
 3
         rectangle that says "Difference", shows that, for
 4
         a residential rate, if the relief requested is
 5
         granted, looking at the right-hand column, the
         total bill change is "8.88 percent", and further
 6
 7
         down, the cost of gas charge change is "25.88"
         percent". Correct?
 8
 9
         (McNamara) That's correct.
10
         And then, if you look under the individual months
11
         of August, September, and October, it shows that
12
         the cost of gas change is roughly 76 percent
13
         increase for that bill, for those bills, correct?
14
         (McNamara) Correct, for the last three months.
15
         For the last three months, correct. And then, as
16
         requested, you've done that calculation for each
17
         customer class?
18
         (McNamara) Correct.
19
         And do you believe that those bill impacts in
20
         Exhibit -- Revised Exhibit 51 show the Commission
21
         what the impact of the requested relief will be,
22
         if granted?
23
    Α
         (McNamara) Yes.
24
         Turning to, same exhibit, but the response is
```

```
1
          3.3 -- 3-2. And I believe this is Bates
 2
         Page 039.
 3
    Α
          (McNamara) Yes.
 4
         Ms. McNamara, I believe this is the page you
 5
         referenced earlier to suggest that, if there were
 6
         an adjustment of 10 cents less per therm, the
 7
         under-collection -- sorry, the incremental change
         would be roughly 356,000, correct?
 8
          (McNamara) The 356,000 over-collection shown here
 9
10
         is showing what would happen if the rates were
11
         lowered for August, September, and October, NYMEX
12
         rate of $1.00 per MMBtu, which I believe is
13
         approximately 10 cents per therm.
14
         And this was in response to the Department's
    Q
15
         question, correct?
16
          (McNamara) Absolutely.
17
         But I did want to ask you for clarification, at
18
         the very top of this page, and I'll just restate
19
         what you said to me, that it shows an
20
          "incremental over-collection of $356,000"?
21
          (McNamara) Yes.
    Α
2.2
    Q
         With the 10 cents. At the very top of the page,
23
         Liberty has identified an over-collection of $7.7
24
         million, correct?
```

```
1
          (McNamara) That's correct.
 2.
         Wasn't 4.5 million already included in the
 3
         existing rates?
         (McNamara) $4.5 million was included in the
 4
 5
         original filing in October of '21. However, this
 6
         is a recalculation of the entire season, and also
 7
         includes the offsetting revenues. So, yes, the
         7.7 includes the 4.5 from the original filing,
 8
         but it also includes the revenues received for
 9
10
         those months.
11
    Q
         Okay.
12
         (McNamara) So, the months that were included in
13
         the Order 26,541.
14
         So, if I were to suggest that the starting
    Q
         under-collection should be $4.5 million lower,
15
16
         would you disagree with me?
17
    Α
         (McNamara) I would disagree with you.
18
         Okay. Let's look at what this page, Bates Page
    Q
19
         039, shows for the costs, projected costs for
20
         June through October of 2022. The first section
21
         talks about June and July, and it says
2.2
         "Forecasted firm Residential therm sales June 1,
23
         2022 through July 31, 2022". And in this
24
         calculation, the Department -- the Company has
```

```
1
         used "1.2295", correct?
          (McNamara) That is correct.
 2
 3
         But those months have passed, correct?
          (McNamara) They have passed.
 4
 5
         And it's no longer possible to charge that rate?
 6
          (McNamara) That is correct. The actual rates
 7
         were 69 cents.
         0.6984?
 8
    0
 9
    Α
         (McNamara) Correct.
10
         Correct. So, to the extent this intends to show
11
         sort of a running account of an over- or
12
         under-collection, in order to match what's
13
         actually happened to far, that those numbers for
14
         June and July would have to be changed to 0.6984
15
         per therm?
16
         (McNamara) Correct.
17
    Q
         So, then, the under-collection is perhaps larger
18
         than shown here?
19
         (McNamara) The under-collection would actually be
    Α
20
         less. It would actually turn into -- I'm sorry,
21
         into a -- one second.
22
                    So, the revenues here, shown as 6.1
23
         million, for June through July, and the revenues
24
         for May -- actually, I guess we can look at June
```

```
1
         and July, would be -- these revenues would be
 2
         reduced by roughly, I'll say, half, 60 cents --
 3
         or, 69 cents versus the 1.22, which means the
 4
         reduction would be less. And the over-collection
 5
         would likely become an under-collection, of
 6
         roughly 3 million, based on the fact that the
 7
         actual rate of 69 -- 0.6984 is roughly half of
         the total. So, it would be approximately
 9
         3 million, as an under-collection.
10
         So -- excuse me. So, to the extent this data
11
         request was intended to show what the
12
         under-collection might be, if the price were
13
         reduced by 10 cents per therm, the estimated
14
         over-collection of approximately $356,000 does
15
         not accurately reflect known figures to date, is
16
         that fair to say?
17
    Α
         (McNamara) That's fair to say.
18
                    [Atty. Schwarzer conferring with
19
                   Mr. Arif. 1
20
                   MS. SCHWARZER: I think, at this time,
21
         the Department would perhaps, since the time for
22
         discovery has passed, might suggest that perhaps
23
         an inquiry from the Commission to clarify what
24
         the under-collection would be might be helpful.
```

```
1
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. I think we --
 2.
         the Commission is not smarter than when we
 3
         started a couple hours ago. So, we would like to
 4
         take a break, maybe till -- what time is it now?
 5
                   CMSR. SIMPSON: Ten minutes.
 6
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. Maybe take --
 7
         let's take 15 minutes, and, so, the Commission
         can sort out what's happening here, and see how
 9
         we might want to proceed.
10
                   So, let's take 15 minutes, and come
11
         back at 3:25. Thank you.
12
                    (Recess taken at 3:10 p.m., and the
1.3
                   hearing resumed at 3:32 p.m.)
14
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. We'll move to
15
         Commissioners' questions, and beginning with
16
         Commissioner Simpson.
17
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Mr. Chairman, could I
18
         ask two more questions?
19
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes.
20
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you very much.
21
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
2.2
         So, just a question to either Liberty witness,
23
         with regard to Exhibit 40. Question a. asks
24
         Liberty to "present in a standard cost of gas
```

```
1
         format using 1.2295 per therm as Liberty's new
 2.
         residential cost of gas for the Summer 2022
 3
         period", is that correct?
 4
         (McNamara) Yes.
 5
         And Liberty declined to do that. Liberty said it
 6
         "did not request a 25 percent increase to the
 7
         proposed [gas and], therefore is presenting...it
 8
         in the same level." So, you did not show an
 9
         initial rate and a maximum rate, you used the
10
         1.2295 as you had initially filed. That's your
11
         answer, correct?
12
         (McNamara) Correct.
1.3
         And, if you were to have done 75 percent of
14
         1.2295, treating that 1.2295 as the maximum rate
15
         as requested, would that response have been
16
         approximately 0.9221 per therm?
17
    Α
         (McNamara) I'm not sure that I followed. I'm not
18
         sure that I follow you.
19
         If you were to have presented your request of
    Q
20
         1.2295 as the maximum cost of gas rate, that is
21
         125 percent of an initial rate, and to get that,
2.2
         you'd have to take 75 percent of what that
23
         maximum rate is identified as. Would that
24
         initial rate have been 0.9221?
```

```
1
          (McNamara) It sounds correct. The math sounds
 2
         correct. However, the initial rate that we filed
 3
         for was for a reason, and we only concluded that
 4
         that would be, in a sense, a maximum rate,
 5
         because of the Commission's ruling in the
 6
         Northern case. So, I don't know that we would
 7
         have filed for a lower beginning rate. If we
 8
         wanted to increase by 25 percent, we would have
 9
         filed for the 1.2295 and ask for 25 percent above
10
         that.
11
         Well, a data request is a hypothetical. And the
    Q
12
         person asking the request usually gets to ask the
13
         question.
14
         (McNamara) Okay.
15
         And their question was to frame your request in a
16
         standard cost of gas framework. And I'm asking
17
         you, had you done that, would 75 percent of
18
         1.2295 be approximately 0.9221?
19
         (McNamara) That sounds correct.
    Α
20
         Thank you. And that's pretty close to Northern's
21
         current rate, based on their only mid-season cost
22
         of gas adjustment to date so far, of 0.9126, is
23
         that correct?
24
          (McNamara) Assuming that that's the Northern
    Α
```

```
1
         rate.
                That sounds correct.
 2
         Okay. Thank you. And last question, looking at
 3
         Exhibit 48, which is the comparison of the
 4
         historic under-/over-collection for summer from
 5
         2018 through 2021, is it Liberty's position that
 6
         the $7 million under-collection for Summer of
 7
         2021 is uniquely related to a change in NYMEX
 8
         rates for July, August, September, and October?
         (McNamara) May and June were based on actuals.
 9
10
         And it's the difference between estimates and
11
         actuals that gets to the 7 million. But it's not
12
         just the change in rates, it's a change in every
13
         facet of the rate.
14
         Well, isn't that always the case every time you
         do the summer under-/over-collection?
15
16
         (McNamara) Correct.
17
         How is it different, that year from other years?
18
         (McNamara) The big difference was the second half
19
         of the Summer of 2021, there was a substantial
20
         increase in the cost of gas rate.
21
         The NYMEX rate?
    Q
2.2
         (McNamara) The NYMEX rate.
23
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Yes. Thank you very
24
         much. No further questions.
```

```
1
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you.
         move to Commissioner Simpson.
 2.
                    CMSR. SIMPSON: Thank you. Thanks to
 3
 4
         the witnesses for being available today.
 5
                    I echo the Chairman's comments earlier
 6
         with respect to some of the process updates in
 7
         your testimony in this filing, with the charts
 8
         that you added, those are very helpful.
 9
         summary tables are always very helpful. So,
10
         appreciate that.
11
                    Empirically, I just want to make sure I
         understand the core elements of the
12
13
         reconciliation and the future change sought.
    BY CMSR. SIMPSON:
14
15
         So, the Company is asking to move your current
16
         cost of gas rate from about point -- about 69
17
         cents per therm, to $1.22, correct?
18
         (McNamara) Correct.
    Α
19
         Okay. So, that change, that encapsulates the
20
         total $9.6 million increase that is discussed in
21
         your testimony, correct?
2.2
    Α
         (McNamara) Correct.
23
         Okay. So, then, that 9.6 includes the
24
         reconciliation of your under-collection from the
```

```
1
         Summer '21 period, correct?
 2
          (McNamara) Correct.
 3
         And, in the rate that's currently set, that
 4
         contemplated an under-collection of about 4.4
 5
         million, $4.5 million, from the Summer '21
 6
         period, correct?
 7
          (McNamara) That's correct.
    Α
 8
         So, that under-collection was an estimate, and
    0
 9
         your actual under-collection from Summer '21 was
10
         actually the 7.7 million, correct?
11
          (McNamara) That's correct.
    Α
12
         Okay. So, then, the remaining 1.9 million, from
13
         the 9.6, is sought to address the Company's
14
         belief that, in this current Summer '22 gas
15
         period, you will have a further under-collection.
16
         So, you're proactively saying "we want to
17
         increase the current cost of gas, because, in the
18
         remaining three months of Summer '22, we believe
19
         we're going to have a further under-collection",
20
         is that correct?
21
          (McNamara) That's correct.
    Α
2.2
    Q
         And that gets us to the total 9.6 million, that
23
         leads to the $1.22 -- or, $1.22 per therm
24
         ultimate rate for the remaining Summer '22 gas
```

```
1
         period?
 2
         (McNamara) That's correct.
 3
    Q
         Okav. Excellent. I think I understand then.
 4
         So, then, just a couple of quick questions with
 5
         respect to your testimony.
 6
                    There's an illustration on Page 4.
 7
    Α
         (McNamara) Bates Page 004?
 8
         Yes. And I'm just curious, I thought the
 9
         discussion about your supply portfolio was quite
10
         interesting. Appreciate that. The 148,000
11
         million Btus that is represented as your total
12
         supply from your various sources, is that a fair
13
         assessment of what this is demonstrating?
14
         (Gilbertson) Yes. This is pipeline.
15
         Okay. What's the -- what's that receipt point,
16
         where you get all of your 148,000?
17
    Α
         (Gilbertson) That would be -- there's different
18
         receipt points.
19
    Q
         Okay.
20
         (Gilbertson) There's Nashua, Manchester,
21
         Londonderry, Pelham. I have a cheat sheet right
22
         here. So, it's all the take stations. It's all
23
         the territories. So, it's Liberty's distribution
24
         system.
```

```
1
                  Okay. So, you have various feeds.
 2.
         each of these zones -- or, I guess you have
 3
         different -- yes, different zones, those
 4
         represent receipt points across your distribution
 5
         system?
 6
          (Gilbertson) So, we can buy -- we buy the gas in
 7
         the zones.
 8
         Uh-huh.
 9
          (Gilbertson) And then, we deliver it to Liberty's
10
         distribution system, which is in Zone 6.
11
         Liberty's distribution system is in Zone 6.
12
         we can buy gas in Zone 4, we can buy gas in Zone
1.3
         1, we can buy gas -- those are where our
14
         entitlements are to purchase the gas at the
15
         purchase -- at the pools.
16
         Okay.
17
          (Gilbertson) And we move it via the pipeline to
18
         the distribution system on various contracts.
19
         Okay. Thank you. On Bates Page 008, you mention
    Q
20
          "gas growth", and how the Company's increase in
21
         customer load through growth has led to a shift
2.2
         to Dracut deliveries.
23
                    I think you mentioned in another
24
         section of your testimony that Dracut is among
```

```
1
         the "most expensive gas" in the country. Is that
 2
         a fair overview?
          (Gilbertson) Yes, it is, in the wintertime.
 3
    Α
 4
         Just in the wintertime?
 5
          (Gilbertson) Yes.
 6
         Okay. Can you elaborate on the Company's
 7
         strategy for gas growth moving forward?
 8
          (Gilbertson) We did just obtain the ability to
 9
         buy -- to obtain 40,000 on the Tennessee Gas
10
         Pipeline. We got 40,000 extra dekatherms, that
11
         was approved, I think, last year, which is very
12
         helpful.
13
         Uh-huh.
    Q
14
         (Gilbertson) However, that path goes to the
15
         Granite Ridge Power.
16
         Uh-huh.
17
          (Gilbertson) Right? So, although it was good to
18
         be able to grab it, it still only originates in
19
         Zone 6, which is still the most expensive price
20
         point. What we're seeking to do, and hoping to
21
         do, is to obtain some upstream from Canada.
2.2
         Is that -- is that capacity --
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
23
    Α
         -- or is that molecules?
24
```

```
1
          (Gilbertson) It's capacity.
 2
         Okay.
 3
          (Gilbertson) Pipe. Pipe.
 4
         Yes.
 5
          (Gilbertson) We're in discussions to see if
 6
         that's an opportunity that we could get.
 7
         Uh-huh.
    Q
 8
          (Gilbertson) And there's no -- there's no
 9
         concrete answer yet. But we're investigating
10
         whether or not we can. There is no more
11
         pipeline. Nobody is building.
12
         Uh-huh.
1.3
          (Gilbertson) So, this would be, not a build, but
14
         they're talking about compression, on Union and
15
         TransCanada, which is similar to our path that we
16
         have as part of something called the "PXP". It's
17
         a 5,000 that we have, and that feeds into that
18
         Dracut, you know, we've got such a heavy
19
         concentration on just Dracut, --
20
         Uh-huh.
21
          (Gilbertson) -- which is -- it's not ideal.
    Α
22
         the 40,000 contract that we just got, it's
23
         helpful, but it's -- we need to do other things
24
         to make it work well for EnergyNorth.
```

```
Is it fair to say that the reconciliation from
 1
 2.
         the past summer period and the adjustment for
 3
         this current gas period is not capacity-driven,
 4
         but primarily commodity-driven?
 5
          (Gilbertson) Yes, that's true. It's not the
 6
         demand charges.
 7
    Q
         Uh-huh.
 8
          (Gilbertson) It's the gas. It's the price of the
 9
         gas.
10
         Uh-huh. Okay. So, just for context, your gas
11
         growth strategy and ability to serve customers,
12
         driven by the availability of capacity, which the
1.3
         Company contracts on a firm basis, you have
14
         confidence in your portfolio with that respect,
15
         but the ultimate rate adjustments that we're
16
         discussing here today are driven by changes in
17
         the commodity market?
18
          (Gilbertson) It's definitely driven by the
    Α
19
         commodity market. The demand charges haven't
20
         changed.
21
         Uh-huh.
    Q
2.2
    Α
          (Gilbertson) And the portfolio, I would say that
23
         there are things that have to be done with that
24
          40,000 that we just got, that we just obtained,
```

1 and we just got approval on. There's things that 2 are going to have to happen to make that a little 3 bit -- because it does just go to that Granite 4 Ridge power plant. We need it to feed Manchester 5 and Nashua as well. So, there would have to be 6 some on-system enhancements to make that happen. 7 And I believe that was in the testimony with that 8 Tennessee contract. 9 Q Okay. Thank you. You also discuss your "storage 10 refill plan". And my understanding is that you 11 have underground storage out-of-state. So, 12 you're buying gas from Marcellus. You have 1.3 contracted for capacity underground. You've 14 purchased gas. You're hedging that the prices 15 are going to be better now, than in the 16 wintertime. You store that gas underground in 17 your storage. And, then, when you need it in the 18 winter, you call for it, you've got the firm 19 capacity, and you pull it up? 20 (Gilbertson) That is correct. 21 And, you know, given the uncertainty and the 22 increases in the commodity market, how has that 23 influenced your gas procurement strategy, and the 24 timing of utilization of that storage for,

```
1
         really, what has been the winter periods?
 2
         (Gilbertson) We have to fill it -- we only have
 3
         so much pipeline to get the gas into the storage.
 4
         So, in order to be ready for the winter period,
 5
         we have to baseload that gas throughout the
 6
         summer period. It's not like we can say "Oh,
 7
         prices aren't great right now, let's wait and
         then do it later." We wouldn't have the
 8
 9
         entitlements to get it in. So, we really have to
10
         do it systematically throughout the summer period
11
         to get it in there and be full by November 1st.
12
         Okay.
               Thank you. We also had some discussion
1.3
         about the Fixed Price Option. My understanding
14
         is that that is an option for customers that's
15
         unique to EnergyNorth in New Hampshire, is that
16
         correct?
17
    Α
         (Gilbertson) That would be Cathy, I think, more
18
         than me.
19
         (McNamara) I believe -- I'm sorry. I believe
    Α
20
         that it is unique to us.
21
         Do you have any sense of how many customers elect
    Q
22
         to enroll in your Fixed Price Option?
23
    Α
         (McNamara) My best recollection is approximately
24
         between 12 and 20 percent, over the past five
```

```
1
         years or so.
 2
         And do you have a sense of the mixture of rate
 3
         class in that 12 to 20 percent, whether it's
 4
         primarily C&I or primarily residential?
 5
         (McNamara) I believe the FPO is only offered to
 6
         residential customers.
 7
    Q
         Okay.
 8
         (McNamara) Therefore, that increase is totally
 9
         residential.
10
         Okay. Thank you. On one of the exhibits that
11
         Attorney Schwarzer was looking at, it's Exhibit
         51 --
12
13
                    MS. SCHWARZER: Revised 51, I believe.
14
    BY CMSR. SIMPSON:
         Revised 51, yes. Bates 032, there's some summary
15
16
         tables for residential classes. And these
17
         summary tables contemplate the ultimate bill
18
         impact for residential customers, if the
19
         Commission were to approve the rate adjustment
20
         that the Company has sought here. And let me
21
         know when you're there.
2.2
    Α
         (McNamara) Correct.
23
         So, I just want to make sure that I fully
24
         understand. So, we broke down the 9.6 million
```

```
1
         that you're seeking as an adjustment.
 2
         halfway through, at this point, the Summer '22
 3
         period. So, you would spread that adjustment
 4
         over the remaining three months in the summer.
 5
         And, ultimately, if I look at the bottom table,
 6
         the "Difference" table, that leads to a total
 7
         bill change of 21 to 25 percent, respectively,
         over those months, is that correct?
 8
         (McNamara) That's correct.
 9
10
         Okay. Thank you. And I am not --
    Q
11
                   MS. SCHWARZER: I apologize for
12
         interrupting, but I didn't follow the "21 to 25".
1.3
         I'm looking at Bates Page 032, and I see a "25
14
         percent" change in the cost of gas rate and an
15
         "8.8 percent" change in the bill rate. So, I
16
         apologize.
17
                   CMSR. SIMPSON: If you look at Line 64,
18
         "% Change", for "August-22", "September-22",
         "October-22" --
19
20
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Oh, that's the bill
21
         percent change. Yes. Thank you very much.
22
                   CMSR. SIMPSON:
                                    Yes. Okay.
23
    BY CMSR. SIMPSON:
24
         So, I'm not familiar with the process that the
```

```
1
         state's other gas utility followed as of late.
 2.
         It sounds as if there's some interesting
 3
         opportunities for EnergyNorth to review your
 4
         procurement strategy and your reconciliation
 5
         strategy. Will the Company go back and review
 6
         what Northern has done and consider that within
 7
         your risk strategy?
 8
         (Gilbertson) You're not talking about the FPO,
 9
         right?
10
         Not FPO, no.
11
         (Gilbertson) Yes. And I actually have read some
12
         of Northern's testimony, and they do a lot of
13
         what we do. They do asset management
14
         arrangements, where you release some of your
15
         capacity to a vendor, who will give you a good
16
         price for it, and also offer a firm supply
17
         delivery. So, they -- you release the capacity
18
         to them, they give you a guaranteed payment every
19
         month, and they also -- you can call on gas.
20
         you have good assets, you can get a lot of money
21
         for them by doing that. And that's what we do,
         every year we try to release that capacity and
22
23
         get some money for it.
24
         The firm capacity you've paid for, --
```

```
1
          (Gilbertson) Yes.
 2
         -- you have competitive customers that want to
 3
         buy that firm, when you have excess?
 4
         (Gilbertson) We have suppliers that -- it's not
 5
         even excess. We will release the whole thing to
 6
         them, with a guarantee that they will give us the
 7
         supply when we call on it, some kind of baseload
 8
         supply, and then they will give us X number of
 9
         dollars every month for it, which comes right off
10
         the bottom line for customers. And we do that in
11
         other states as well. And it's a very -- it's a
12
         great program, because there's not -- there's no
13
         volatility. Like, if you hedged NYMEX, for
14
         instance, you could hedge it high, and then our
15
         customers could pay a lot more, or maybe you'll
16
         get it lower. It's more of a stabilizing factor,
17
         rather than a, you know, to try to make money.
18
         Uh-huh.
    Q
19
         (Gilbertson) And we're trying to make money for
    Α
20
         the customers, using what we have.
21
         Uh-huh.
    Q
22
         (Gilbertson) And that Northern does the same.
23
         Yes. And I'm just asking generally, that --
24
          (Gilbertson) Yes.
```

```
1
         -- you review what other gas utilities in the
 2
         state do?
 3
    Α
          (Gilbertson) Yes.
 4
         And you weigh the positives and downsides of
 5
         different risk strategies, and you are mindful of
 6
         the outcomes of those strategies, and put that
 7
         into your feedback loop for future opportunities
 8
         for improvement?
 9
    Α
          (Gilbertson) Yes.
10
         Is that correct?
11
          (Gilbertson) And other states as well.
12
    Q
         Yes.
13
          (Gilbertson) Other states as well.
14
         Because you are responsible for not just New
    Q
15
         Hampshire?
16
          (Gilbertson) Right.
17
    Q
         Okay.
18
          (Gilbertson) Massachusetts, and Georgia and
19
         mid-states --
20
                    [Court reporter interruption.]
21
    CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:
2.2
          (Gilbertson) We have territories in
23
         Massachusetts, Georgia, Missouri, Iowa, Illinois,
24
         St. Lawrence Gas, in New York, and New Brunswick
```

```
1
         Gas, in New Brunswick.
 2.
                   CMSR. SIMPSON: Okay. I don't have any
 3
         further questions. Thank you.
 4
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. I'll just
 5
         maybe start at the top, and just ask the
 6
         question.
 7
    BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
 8
         At 1.2295, beginning August 1st, the Company is
 9
         satisfied, and would be happy with the outcome if
10
         that was the adjusted rate? Is that -- do I have
11
         that right?
         (McNamara) That's correct.
12
1.3
         Okay. And then, if rates, you know, NYMEX goes
14
         way down, and gas prices get lower, then each
15
         month you would adjust down that 1.2295 to some
16
         other number, to take into account current
17
         pricing?
18
         (McNamara) Correct.
19
         Okay. All right. Well, this could have been a
    Q
20
         much shorter meeting.
21
                    So, I understand that. All right,
22
         that's good. So, I just have a few tactical
23
         questions, beginning with Ms. Gilbertson.
24
                   And just we spent a lot of time in
```

```
1
         prior dockets thinking about the Tennessee
 2
         Pipeline, so you have my undivided attention on
 3
         that one. With that Tennessee contract, 40,000
 4
         MMBtus a day, is that part of the "146,833 MMBtu
 5
         per day" mentioned on Page 4? Is that --
 6
         (Gilbertson) Yes. It's in there.
 7
         That's total, okay. So, the 40 is not in
    Q
 8
         addition to that?
 9
         (Gilbertson) No.
10
         Okay. And then, how much, and I think the answer
11
         is "zero", because it's coming through Dracut,
12
         so, it's not a trick question, but how much of
13
         the 40,000 is being used for the summer period?
14
         It's zero, correct?
15
         (Gilbertson) Zero.
    Α
16
         Okay. And that's not a criticism, it's just
17
         trying to understand how your system works.
18
         (Gilbertson) No, because it would we very
    Α
19
         expensive -- we wouldn't buy there.
20
         Right.
    0
21
         (Gilbertson) Not in the summer.
    Α
22
    Q
         Right. Because you buy nothing out of Dracut in
23
         the summer, at least you try to buy nothing,
24
         correct?
```

```
1
          (Gilbertson) Yes. I mean, it's just not -- we
 2
         buy it at the cheapest price point, and it
 3
         wouldn't be --
 4
         And you have other supplies, there's no need?
 5
         (Gilbertson) Yes. Everything's better.
 6
         Everybody's better. And then, when I look at
 7
         your total firm transportation contracts, and how
         much of that is used during the summer? Is
 8
 9
         that -- are you using like, on average, over the
10
         six months of summer, are you using 30 percent of
11
         those contracts, or 40 percent? I couldn't quite
12
         figure out how much of the firm transmission
13
         contract was being actually used in the summer?
14
         (Gilbertson) That's a good question. So, what we
    Α
15
         do is we fill up our cheapest price points first,
16
         which would be mostly in the Gulf -- I'm sorry,
17
         not the "Gulf", the Zone 4, which is the
18
         Marcellus. Once we exhaust that, we go to
19
         Canada, and we'll get it there, and so on and so
20
         on.
21
                   But, for the most part, we buy like
22
         60 -- I think there's another page that gives you
23
         the breakout of how we utilize the capacity.
24
         There is. And maybe that would be a good place
```

```
1
         to turn to, because I think it's Page 8, Bates
 2
         008. Nope, I'm wrong. It's -- what page is the
 3
         graph? Ten, Bates 010.
 4
                   CMSR. SIMPSON: Which exhibit?
 5
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: It's Exhibit -- it's
 6
         Exhibit 38. So, it's Ms. Gilbertson's testimony.
 7
    BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
 8
         So, you do have a very nice piechart there, and
 9
         that's much appreciated. It helps make things
10
         visual, so that we can understand. And, so, it
11
         says that "66 percent" is coming out of Zone 4,
12
         which is what you were describing. And that's
13
         the bulk of it. And then, you have different
14
         pieces. And I think Dracut is "zero" on that
15
         piechart, correct?
16
         (Gilbertson) Well, it's "2 percent", because
17
         there's a possibility that, in October, we might
18
         need, you know, a little bit, or in May. So,
19
         there's a, you know, in the event that it gets
20
         cold, and we have to get it to that tier, it's
21
         based on the demand forecast. And, of course,
22
         every -- you know, that's just a forecast. So,
         we would -- we always do things like day-to-day.
23
         So, we buy at the cheapest price point. And, in
24
```

```
general, that's Zone 4. That's the Marcellus
 1
 2
         area, and then Canada is next.
 3
    Q
         Okay. And, so, you've got, and you described it
 4
         in your testimony, I think, where you've got the
 5
         maximum capacity in Zone 4, and Canadian supply,
 6
         and so forth. So, you've got these maxes.
 7
         You're pulling everything you can out of Zone 4,
 8
         then you move to Canada. So, you're doing it
 9
         very -- you're doing it sequentially, because
10
         that's how the costs work to get the cheapest
11
         prices?
12
         (Gilbertson) Right. And we're also injecting
13
         from Zone 4.
14
         Okay.
    0
15
         (Gilbertson) That's where we get it to put it
16
         into storage.
17
    Q
         Okay. Okay. And you have some comment on --
18
         that you made to Commissioner Simpson on you're,
19
         you know, you're selling -- you're brokering the
20
         gas, you're selling some when you can, and then
21
         you're buying it back.
22
                   And, so, is there any analysis or is
23
         it -- can the Commission get an understanding how
24
         that works? Because that would be -- that would
```

```
1
         be helpful to understand what's being sold and
 2
         what's coming back? And it's sort of -- you're
 3
         describing it, but I don't think we have a clear
 4
         picture on what's happening there. Is that
 5
         brokering transaction, you know, 10 percent of
 6
         your load, or is it half? Or, what are you doing
 7
         there?
         (Gilbertson) So, I think you're talking about the
 8
 9
         "asset management arrangement"?
10
         Yes.
11
         (Gilbertson) So, those are requests -- we would
12
         put out a Request for Proposal, to see how much
13
         we can get for, for instance, the path we have
14
         that goes Union, TransCanada, to Tennessee,
15
         there's about 5,000 that we can -- along that
16
         path, and that's a valuable path. So, what we do
17
         is we put out a Request for Proposals. And
18
         whoever is going to give us the best fee, we'll
19
         release the capacity to them, with the caveat
20
         that they will sell us gas at Tennessee -- at
21
         Dracut, they will bring the gas to Dracut, and
22
         for the price that's in Canada, basically.
23
    Q
         Okay.
24
          (Gilbertson) So, we get the gas fairly cheap.
```

```
1
         release the asset to them, and they also pay us a
 2
         fee.
 3
    Q
         Okay.
 4
         (Gilbertson) So, it works pretty well.
 5
         Okay. Thank you for that. And just to kind of
 6
         go back to a previous question, just to make sure
 7
         I understand, what is your summer, this summer,
 8
         Summer 2022, what do you estimate will be your
 9
         mean or average load per day, MMBtus, you know,
10
         per day? What would be your average load,
11
         roughly? Would it be like 20,000 or 50,000?
12
         (Gilbertson) Well, we have -- we have marketer
13
         gas, too. So, our baseload is 14,000.
14
         14,000. Okay. Because I'm just comparing that
    Q
15
         to your total capacity, which is 146,000.
16
         Obviously, you need a lot more in the winter, and
17
         you've got peak load and these kind of things.
18
         (Gilbertson) Oh, right. Yes.
    Α
19
         I'm just trying to understand.
    0
20
         (Gilbertson) Yes. And we release as much as we
         can on the -- just on pipeline EDPs [sic],
21
22
         there's a brokerage that goes on there, too. So,
         any capacity that we're not using, we don't get
23
24
         much for it, but we get something. And that's
```

```
1
         what we try to do. We put it out there for bids
 2
         and --
 3
    Q
         And how much storage, you mentioned to
 4
         Commissioner Simpson, you know, you have to have
 5
         the strategy of getting everything systematically
 6
         into storage, so that you can access it in the
 7
         winter. How much storage do you target?
 8
         (Gilbertson) You mean, how much refill? One
 9
         hundred percent. Do you mean --
10
         Well, I mean, how much gas are you storing? Is
11
         it --
         (Gilbertson) I think it's a million -- it's in
12
13
         here somewhere.
14
         Yes, I couldn't find it.
15
    Α
         (Gilbertson) 2. --
16
         If you have the reference, that would be helpful,
17
         because I couldn't find it.
18
         (Gilbertson) So, 2.5, about 2.6 million MMBtus,
    Α
19
         is between the four storage facilities.
20
         Okay. So, bear with me while I do some simple
21
         Excel math here.
22
                    So, that would be, if you were fully
23
         using your 146,000 per day, that would be about
24
         18 days' worth of storage, something like that?
```

```
1
         I just divided -- I took 2.6 million, divided by
 2
         146,000. I'm just trying to understand what your
 3
         targeted storage is, how much you have in
 4
         storage. Is that how it works, or no?
 5
         (Gilbertson) No. Because, you know, you can only
 6
         use the assets that -- the pipeline assets that
 7
         go to the storage facility.
 8
         Right.
    Q
 9
         (Gilbertson) And, of the 147, 28,000 is what's
10
         going to be able to go to storage.
11
    Q
         Okay. You want to --
12
         And you can see that on that schematic, too. You
13
         can see the ones that can go to storage.
14
         I'm just trying to grasp --
15
         (Gilbertson) I know.
    Α
16
         -- how much of your winter -- maybe I'll ask the
17
         question differently. How much of your winter
18
         load, what percentage of your winter load do you
19
         expect to come out of storage?
20
         (Gilbertson) Oh, I have another chart on that.
21
         So, like, 10 percent or 20 percent? I'm just
    Q
22
         trying to understand how much storage capacity
23
         you're using.
24
    Α
         (Gilbertson) I think it's 22 percent --
```

```
1
    Q
         Okay.
 2
         (Gilbertson) -- that comes out of storage. I can
 3
         double-check that. But it's close, if it's not.
 4
         Okay. So, that's pretty sizable. Okay. Yes, if
 5
         you find the reference, that would be helpful,
 6
         because I couldn't find that in the testimony.
 7
                   Okay. I'll just continue my
 8
         encouragement on the graphs. You have graphs on
 9
         Page 11, I think, and 12. Very, very helpful.
10
         Helps us understand what's going on. I would
11
         encourage a broadening of the Y axis, so we can
12
         see it a little better. But it's a good start.
13
         So, thank you for making the pass. If you just
14
         change the scale a little bit, it makes it a
15
         little bit easier to see. If you go up to, like,
16
         you know, 10,000 or something, it only needs to
17
         go to one-fifth of that.
18
                   Okay. You had an update,
19
         Ms. Gilbertson, on Bates 013, about the
20
         "five-year storage balances". And I know now
21
         that data point's a couple months old. So, I
22
         just thought I'd check to see how are things
23
         looking as of right now?
24
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Things are looking better. They're
```

```
1
         much better than they were. This was prior to
 2
         that explosion at that Freeport LNG facility. We
 3
         are within the five-year average. We're low, but
 4
         we're within the average now.
 5
    Q
         Okay.
 6
         (Gilbertson) Which is helping prices.
 7
         Very good. And that storage capacity, coming
    Q
 8
         back to that real quick, how much of your storage
 9
         capacity, you're targeting the 2.something
10
         million, how much of that is in storage right
11
                Is it all full or are you still working on
         now?
12
         it?
1.3
          (Gilbertson) We have targets. I'm not sure, by
14
         the end of the month, we have planning meetings
15
         every month that tell us this. And I think that
16
         we're at maybe 60 percent or something along that
17
         line.
18
         Okay.
19
          (Gilbertson) I can give you the targets, but I
    Α
20
         don't have it in front of me.
21
         And you try to get that full by the end of
    Q
22
         October or --
23
    Α
          (Gilbertson) Yes.
24
    0
         Okay.
```

```
1
         (Gilbertson) Yes. And we inject it rateably.
 2
         plan every month, where we are at the beginning
 3
         of the month, and what the target is at the end
 4
         of the month, and how much purchases to get to
 5
         that target monthly.
 6
         Okay. So, it sounds like you're on linearity to
    Q
 7
         get to where you need to be this summer?
 8
         (Gilbertson) Absolutely. Yes.
 9
         Okay. Okay. On Bates 014, you had -- you had a
10
         discussion on a "call option" strategy, which I
11
         think we may have alluded to earlier. And I
12
         guess I just want to come back to, is there any
13
         way to quantify that call option strategy, in
         terms of the benefits? It talks about it in the
14
15
         testimony, but it doesn't quantify it.
16
         (Gilbertson) That's part of that asset management
17
         arrangement.
18
         Yes.
    Q
19
         (Gilbertson) Where we release the asset, and we
20
         tell them "but we need to be able to call on it
21
         and quarantee delivery." That's what that is.
22
         And, for assets that we do release, in the
23
         wintertime, the call would be like 100 percent,
24
         on a cold day, we would want to be able to call
```

```
on all of that. They could use the assets on
 1
 2
         warm days, but, on cold days, we would need to
 3
         have the supply coming through. So, we'll be
 4
         using the assets, even though they're paying for
 5
         it.
 6
    Q
         Okay. Okay. Very good. I mean, I
 7
         think, over time, we'll want to understand, not
 8
         for this proceeding, but we'll want to understand
         more about, you know, that -- let's call it the
 9
10
         "call option strategy", and how that's working
         and, you know, quantification, to the extent that
11
12
         it could be quantified. It's just helpful for us
13
         to understand how the business is being run.
14
                   On Bates 015, you commit to a review of
15
         your hedging strategy. And I'll just comment
16
         that this is appreciated and encouraged by the
17
         Commission. So, thank you for that.
18
                   On Bates 016, you talk about the "Fixed
19
         Price Option". Let me check my notes here on
20
         Commissioner Simpson's question.
21
                   No. I think, with the other comments
22
         today, I'll pass on any additional questions on
23
         that.
24
                   Moving to Ms. McNamara, let me just go
```

```
1
         through my list quickly here. I think many of
 2.
         the questions have been answered.
 3
                   Yes. I was confused, on Bates 021 of
 4
         your testimony, Ms. McNamara, I was struggling
 5
         with -- struggling with one of the numbers. Let
 6
         me get to Bates 021.
 7
                    I couldn't tell if it was a typo, or
 8
         what it was. So, it's Bates 021, Line 1. So,
 9
         there's a question: "Was the May rate increase
10
         sufficient to eliminate the projected
11
         under-collection?" And the sentence ends with
12
         "approximately 231", space, and then "thousand"
1.3
         is spelled out. And I just wanted to verify that
14
         that is "231,000"? That that's -- because of the
15
         way it was transcribed, I just didn't know if
16
         that was an error or if that was correct?
17
    Α
         (McNamara) Let me just reread it. I believe it
18
         is correct.
19
    Q
         Okay. Thank you.
20
         (McNamara) I'd have to go back to the detail to
21
         confirm it.
22
    Q
         Okay. Well, the Company can file something if
         there's an error there, please. But I think I
23
24
         just wanted to verify.
```

```
1
                   And then, there's some discussion on
 2
         Bates 023, and Ms. Gilbertson showed the summer
         NYMEX price at "3.50", and then, in this
 3
 4
         testimony, it shows "4.03". And then, on the
 5
         other side, for 2022, there's also a "7.00"
 6
         versus "7.39" discrepancy. Is that just a timing
 7
         of when you pulled your data for your separate
 8
         testimonies? Because you filed the testimony on
 9
         the same day, but you have different NYMEX
10
         numbers.
11
         (McNamara) So, I was referencing Ms. Gilbertson's
    Α
         testimony. But I believe we're just talking
12
13
         about the average here, not the precise rate.
14
         Yes. Maybe, Ms. Gilbertson, you could comment as
    Q
15
         well. I just -- I'm looking at the "4.03" and
16
         "7.39", respectively, from Ms. McNamara's
17
         testimony. And then, when I go up to your
18
         testimony, you show "3.50" and "7.00" even.
                                                       So,
19
         I just -- I'm trying to sort out which is the
20
         correct answer, or if there's just a timing
21
         difference or --
22
    Α
         (Gilbertson) So, in my testimony, it's Zone 4.
23
         It's not NYMEX. She's talking about NYMEX.
24
         Okay. So, you're only talking about Zone 4?
```

```
1
         (Gilbertson) Yes. I'm only talking about Zone 4,
 2
         because that's the cheapest price point. It's
 3
         NYMEX, minus like a nickel or whatever, whatever
 4
         it was that day, on that day.
 5
    Q
         I see. Okay. So, that actually provides for us
 6
         the difference between NYMEX and Zone 4, which is
 7
         50 cents or 40 to 50 cents?
 8
         (Gilbertson) Right. Right.
         All right. Well, that's helpful. And then, just
 9
    Q
10
         a couple more questions.
11
                    In the summer, is everything that
12
         you're buying on the spot or is it on the fixed
13
         market? I guess I didn't capture how that was
14
         working? Is everything on there the spot price
15
         or --
16
         (Gilbertson) We buy it at First of Month.
17
         First of Month.
18
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
19
         Okay. Okay. Have you considered another
20
         approach? Or is that -- you feel like that's
21
         working pretty well for you?
22
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Typically, First of Month, which is
23
         called "IFERC", the pricing is better than daily.
24
         Okay. Okay. And, if you go back and you look at
```

```
1
         last three months in the summer, has that proven
 2
         to be true or is that an historical artifact
 3
         that's no longer true?
 4
         (Gilbertson) Well, we have to buy gas before the
 5
         month settles. And we know what we need.
 6
         get with a vendor who is going to give us what we
 7
         need, and we'll buy it at baseload. We don't
 8
         really go into the spot market, unless we need
 9
         to, unless it gets colder, and we're able to pick
10
         up a little bit of gas on the spot market. But
11
         we don't -- you don't know what the price is
12
         before you buy it, let's just put it that way.
13
         You never know. You wait till it's settled,
14
         because it's bought on an index.
15
         So, if, and I'm not suggesting the Commission
    0
16
         would do this, but if the Commission would have
17
         said, before the summer, "you must buy at the
18
         spot price, you must buy at the spot price",
19
         that's the new Commission rule, and you did that,
20
         would you have gotten a cheaper price than your
21
         current methodology?
22
    Α
         (Gilbertson) We would have to go out and buy gas
23
         every single day.
24
         Yes.
```

```
1
          (Gilbertson) The same quantity.
 2
         Yes.
 3
         (Gilbertson) It would be -- but we wouldn't know.
 4
         Right? We wouldn't know, because we'd have to
 5
         buy it the day before, and we wouldn't know what
 6
         the price settled at. I mean, do you follow what
 7
         I mean?
 8
    Q
         I hope so. Yes.
 9
         (Gilbertson) Yes. We would have to buy it the
10
         day before. So, it would be a lot of work.
11
         Yes. No, I'm just -- what I was trying --
    Q
12
         (Gilbertson) But I don't think it would -- I
13
         don't think we would land anywhere much
14
         different, in the summer.
15
    0
         Yes.
16
         (Gilbertson) In the summer. In the winter,
17
         maybe.
18
         Maybe.
    Q
19
         (Gilbertson) Yes, because spot prices will spike
20
         way up in the winter, based on weather. But, in
         the summer, --
21
22
    Q
         But you're buying a hundred percent on the first
23
         of the month today?
24
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Not a hundred percent. We're buying
```

```
1
         our baseload injections to storage, because we
 2
         know what we need.
 3
    Q
         Right.
 4
         (Gilbertson) You know, we have our targets.
 5
         Right.
 6
         (Gilbertson) And we buy that as a baseload, it
 7
         would be IFERC, which is the Zone 6 -- Zone 4
         price. And, for daily gas, we buy a bit of -- we
 8
         buy a bit of baseload, but not all baseload,
 9
10
         because we're going to -- if it gets cold, we'll
11
         need more, and if it gets too warm, we'll --
12
         we've got to get rid of it. So, we try to find
13
         the right amount.
14
         Yes. And maybe I'm -- I'm sure I'm behind you
    Q
15
         here, in terms of my understanding. But I'm just
16
         trying to understand how much you're buying on
17
         the sort of fixed first of the month, versus
18
         other sources. Is it 90 percent/10 percent? Or
19
         is it half and half? I'm just trying to
20
         understand how much --
21
         (Gilbertson) I would say "90 percent".
    Α
2.2
    Q
         Okay.
23
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Ninety (90) percent on the first of
24
         the month.
                     Yes.
```

```
1
         Okay. So, 90 percent on the first of the
 2
         month, --
 3
    Α
         (Gilbertson) In the summer. Yes.
 4
         -- and then you have to make some adjustments
 5
         naturally, because it's not perfect?
 6
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Yes.
 7
         Yes. Okay. All right. Thank you. And then,
    Q
 8
         the final questions, it's kind of a big picture
 9
         question, you know, what are you hearing about
10
         winter supply? Do you have any concerns about
11
         shortfalls?
12
         (Gilbertson) Yes, we do. We have concerns, about
13
         pricing. It's very volatile, and --
14
         Well, I mean capacity. I'm sure the pricing
    Q
         will -- is an issue.
15
16
         (Gilbertson) The pricing is a concern, yes.
17
    Q
         But will you be able to provide enough gas to New
18
         Hampshire customers in that time period, in the
19
         winter?
20
         (Gilbertson) We are -- we have our RFPs out now.
    Α
21
         And we'll have to wait to see what kind of
         responses we get back, at this point.
22
23
    Q
         But you would color your response as "cautiously
24
         optimistic" or you would say you're "concerned
```

```
1
         about supply in New Hampshire this winter"?
 2
         (Gilbertson) The problem is that our RFP is out
 3
         there. I don't want to say anything that could
 4
         be taken by someone who read it, I quess. I
 5
         don't know what to say.
 6
         No problem. Let me ask it differently. When
 7
         will you know if you have a capacity issue this
 8
         winter?
 9
         (Gilbertson) When all our RFPs have been granted.
10
         When is that?
11
         (Gilbertson) We will know by, I would say,
12
         September. September. This week we send out
13
         about five of them. We've already sent some out.
14
         We've got some responses back already.
15
         But in the next few months, you'll --
    0
16
         (Gilbertson) In the next few months, we should
17
         have our entire supply plan in place.
18
         Okay.
    Q
19
         (Gilbertson) And then we can talk about it.
    Α
20
         Okay. Very good. I'm sure that the Company will
21
         put something in the docket, if we're not going
22
         to be able to supply enough gas this winter to
23
         New Hampshire customers. So, we would just ask
24
         for early warning on that issue that become a
```

```
1
         problem, you know, could be problematic,
 2
         obviously. So, --
 3
                    CMSR. SIMPSON: Could I ask two more
 4
         questions, before you move on, Mr. Chairman?
 5
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. Please. Yes.
 6
    BY CMSR. SIMPSON:
 7
         And just to ensure that I'm crystal clear, if the
 8
         Commission were to approve the blended $1.23 per
 9
         million Btu rate, which encapsulates the total
10
         9.6 million sought, then, by the end of the
11
         Summer '22 period, the Company will have fully
12
         reconciled the under-collection from Summer '21,
13
         correct?
14
         (Gilbertson) Sounds right to me.
15
         (McNamara) In theory, that's correct. It's
    Α
16
         all -- actually, the Summer 2021 is actuals.
17
    Q
         Uh-huh. Yes.
18
         (McNamara) So, the first three months of the
19
         season we're at the 69.84.
20
         For '22?
21
         (McNamara) For '22. Where we're collecting some
    Α
22
         of that over-collection.
23
    Q
         Yes.
24
         (McNamara) And then, depending on what your
```

```
1
         ruling is for the remaining months of the
 2
         summer, --
         I'm just focused at this moment on the Summer
 3
    Q
 4
          '21, --
 5
          (McNamara) Okay.
 6
         -- the under-collection from Summer '21. That,
 7
         if we were to approve the blended $1.23 per
 8
         million Btu, that, by the end of the Summer '22
         period, you will have reconciled all of the
 9
10
         under-collection from the Summer of '21, correct?
11
          (McNamara) Correct.
    Α
12
         Okay. And, additionally, you believe that,
13
         through approval of that request, the Company
14
         will be in a position, by the end of Summer 2022,
15
         that your under-/over-collection will be
16
         minimized?
17
    Α
          (McNamara) The under-/over-collection, based on
18
         having the proposed rate for the last three
19
         months of the season, --
20
         Uh-huh.
21
          (McNamara) -- is approximately going to be a
    Α
22
         $2.6 million under-collection, where, when we
23
         filed the rate, we were hoping for the approval
24
         of the $1.23 for June through the end of the
```

```
1
         season.
 2
         Okay. So, then, your currently blended request
 3
         is what per million Btu dollars?
 4
          (McNamara) Can you say that again?
 5
         Well, so, my understanding was you had the 7.7
 6
         million under-collection from Summer 2021, and
 7
         that the total request of 9.6, that's 1.9 million
         difference, and that's what you're projecting for
 8
 9
         under-collection for Summer 2022?
10
          (McNamara) Correct.
11
         You just said "2.6 million"?
12
          (McNamara) 2.6 million is what the
13
         under-collection will be, because the rate won't
14
         be effective until August 1st.
15
    0
         Uh-huh.
16
          (McNamara) In the original filing, it would have
17
         brought the under-collection/over-collection to
18
         zero.
19
    Q
         Right.
20
         (McNamara) Does that answer --
21
         The 1.9 would have brought you to zero. But
    Q
22
         you're now saying that the under-collection is
23
         even greater than when you originally filed the
24
         Petition in May?
```

```
1
          (McNamara) Yes.
 2
         Okay. So, then, is there an update for the
 3
         dollars per million Btu that gets you to that
 4
         2.6? I just want to make sure I totally
 5
         understand the rate that you're proposing.
 6
    Α
         (McNamara) The $1.22 will get you to the 2.6
 7
         million.
 8
    Q
         Okay.
         (McNamara) To get to zero, I believe it's in a
 9
10
         data request, I can look for it and give you the
11
         reference.
12
         Uh-huh.
13
         (McNamara) I believe the rate would have to be
14
         closer to 1.45, without taking into account the
15
         fact that NYMEX seems to be going down at this
16
         point.
17
    Q
         So, the 2.6, that's Summer 2022, 9.6 minus 2.6 is
18
         7 million. So, help me understand the
19
         differences in figures here, because I'm like
20
         700,000 apart from you?
21
         (McNamara) So, the -- I think I know what you're
    Α
22
         asking. So, the calculation doesn't -- and the
23
         collections don't go through and say "we're going
24
         to collect this 7.7 first, and exhaust that, " --
```

```
1
         Uh-huh.
 2
          (McNamara) -- "and then add the two", the 1.9
 3
         million.
 4
         Uh-huh. Yes.
 5
          (McNamara) It says that it's 9.6.
 6
         Yes.
 7
          (McNamara) And that kind of rolled forward number
    Α
 8
         will be 2.6. So, when you explain it like that,
         we are not going to have a full collection of the
 9
10
               That extra 700,000 is actually -- 700,000
11
         of the 2021 7.7 million will not be collected by
         the end of the season.
12
13
         When would you collect that?
    Q
14
         (McNamara) It would roll into the beginning
         balance for next summer.
15
16
         Okay. So, really, Summer '23, you're actually
    Q
17
         going to have a portion of your '21 period being
18
         reconciled?
19
          (McNamara) Correct.
    Α
20
         Is that typical?
21
          (McNamara) Well, I hate to say "reconciled",
    Α
22
         because we are using the actual numbers in this
23
         filing.
24
         Uh-huh.
```

```
1
          (McNamara) We will not have collected everything
 2.
         that we wanted to collect.
 3
    0
         That you spent in '21?
 4
          (McNamara) Right.
 5
         Okay. And that will roll forward to even the '23
 6
         Summer Period?
 7
    Α
          (McNamara) Correct.
 8
         And is that typical for cost of gas, that you
 9
         have a two-year delta in recovering?
10
         (McNamara) I'm not sure, because I haven't
11
         thought about it in that --
12
         Uh-huh.
1.3
          (McNamara) -- in those terms before.
14
                    CMSR. SIMPSON: Okay. All right.
15
         think I understand. And then, I know that the
16
         Consumer Advocate and Attorney Schwarzer had
17
         noted that they were supportive of elements of
18
         the Company's Petition, but were taking exception
19
         to other portions.
20
                    So, in closing, if you would be able to
21
         rearticulate the elements that you either support
2.2
         or oppose, and if there are outstanding elements
23
         that you require further process in order to make
24
         an informed decision upon.
```

```
1
                    That would be very helpful. Thank you.
 2.
         I don't have any further questions, Mr. Chairman.
 3
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: All right. But,
 4
         since we can't have enough of the "1.2295"
 5
         questions, I'll keep going.
 6
    BY CHAIRMAN GOLDNER:
 7
         So, I think just to -- I just want to clarify,
         because what you're really saying is "the next
 8
 9
         three months are an estimate", you don't have
10
         actuals. Based on everything you know, the
11
         Company is satisfied with 1.2295. But there's a
12
         risk that you could have an under-collection of
1.3
         2.6 million, based on some assumptions. Could go
14
         the other direction, and you might have an
15
         over-collection, and you just don't know, because
16
         you have an estimate. So, you're just kind of
17
         giving the Commission a heads up. If things stay
18
         where they are or get worse, the under-collection
19
         could increase, it could be 2.6 million or it
20
         could increase, or it could go the other
21
         direction, because everything is an estimate.
2.2
         that fair?
23
    Α
         (McNamara) That's fair.
24
                   CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you.
```

```
1
         Okay. Commissioner Simpson, do you have any
 2.
         other questions?
 3
                    CMSR. SIMPSON: I'm all set. Thank
 4
         you.
 5
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: All right. Attorney
 6
         Sheehan, do you have any redirect for your
 7
         witnesses?
                    MR. SHEEHAN: Just a few, if I could.
 8
 9
                      REDIRECT EXAMINATION
10
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
11
         Ms. McNamara, just to -- a few questions that I
12
         think would clarify what just happened, but maybe
1.3
         it's helping me more than you, but I'll try
14
         anyway.
15
                    When we made the filing in May and
16
         proposed $1.22, effective June 1, that was the
17
         rate that you calculated, based on all the overs
18
         and unders and carryforwards would get us to zero
         as of the end of the summer?
19
20
         (McNamara) That's correct.
21
         And, since that starting of the 1.22 has been
2.2
         delayed by two months, we didn't collect that
23
         money over the two months, that is what gives
24
         rise to the 2 million at the end of the summer
```

```
1
         that you just described, is that fair?
 2
         (McNamara) Correct.
 3
         The Company elected not to revise the filing for
 4
         a number of reasons, hearing process, the rate's
 5
         high enough, etcetera, that, and all things being
 6
         equal, a $2 million under-collection at the end
 7
         of this year is not bad. Is that fair?
 8
         (McNamara) Correct.
 9
         And, if the price does go down, we'll eat away at
10
         that under-collection?
11
         (McNamara) Correct.
12
         Okay. And, so, it is still the $1.22 we're
13
         asking for approval today?
14
         (McNamara) Correct.
15
                    MR. SHEEHAN: I was writing my notes on
16
         three different pages.
17
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
18
         Ms. Gilbertson, the storage, to be clear, the
19
         limitation on the amount of storage we can use is
20
         the -- we don't have the capacity, the pipeline
21
         capacity to bring it to New Hampshire?
2.2
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Correct. Yes.
23
         If we had a bigger pipe, we could bring more
24
         storage. We just don't have those rights?
```

```
1
          (Gilbertson) That's right.
 2
         And, if those rights were available, would we get
 3
         them?
 4
         (Gilbertson) We'd need to get approval.
 5
         Yes. But the point being, it's not that we
 6
         choose not to get more storage --
 7
    Α
         (Gilbertson) Right.
 8
         -- and capacity, it's not out there?
 9
         (Gilbertson) Right. Correct.
    Α
10
         And is that true for all the other ability to
11
         access cheaper gas, there just isn't the pipeline
12
         out there that we can buy?
1.3
         (Gilbertson) That's exactly correct, yes.
    Α
14
                    MR. SHEEHAN: That's all I have.
15
         you.
16
                    CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you.
17
                    We'll release the witnesses. Thank you
18
         for your testimony today, both of you.
19
                    Without objection, we'll strike ID on
20
         Exhibits 38 through 52 and admit them as full
21
         exhibits. Just a moment please.
22
                    Okay. I think the Commission believes
23
         that we have everything we need, and so that we
24
         do not need to leave the record open, unless,
```

1 Commissioner Simpson, you have concern? 2. MS. SCHWARZER: Mr. Chairman? 3 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. 4 MS. SCHWARZER: There's been an open 5 question from Commissioner Simpson. If we could 6 briefly respond to the question about whether a 7 further process was necessary or whether the parties had a concern about the 1.2295 rate, in 8 9 light of the under-collection? 10 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Would you be 11 amenable to taking care of that in closing? Or, is there some dialogue that's needed? 12 1.3 MS. SCHWARZER: Well, there might be 14 dialogue that's needed. 15 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Then, please 16 proceed. 17 MS. SCHWARZER: If you don't mind? And 18 it will be very brief. 19 I would like to note that, in Data 20 Request 2-6, which is Exhibit 44, the Department 2.1 anticipated a concern with the June and July 2.2 period, where the 1.2295 was not in effect. And 23 asked the Company to update its rates. And the 24 Company's response was that there would be an

under-collection of 2.6 million, and that the Company was not going to update its rates.

2.

1.3

2.2

Certainly, the Department can't require it to file. But it is unclear to me, given that there is an anticipated volatility in the winter, why, with a delay between May 20th and today, there wasn't some discussion or at least a response to a question to show what the increased rate would be.

And, because the Commission -- excuse me -- because the Department prefers the standard cost of gas framework, in the event that treating the 1.2295 rate as an initial rate, with the 25 percent bandwidth, would give the Company the ability to adjust its rate to reach, roughly, a zero under-collection at the end of the summer period, consistent with Exhibit 48, which shows that, generally, under-collections are 1.9, 900,000, 400,000, but not extraordinary -- perhaps not 2.6 million, the Department would be -- we would support that.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Let me repeat that back. So, the Department supports 1.2295, with a 25 percent adder? Or that is a cap?

MS. SCHWARZER: With the 25 percent bandwidth, such that, should the Company's calculations in the trigger filings result in a lower under-collection, it might be appropriate to do that at this time. I heard the Company saying they were concerned about presenting in the standard cost of gas framework, and, certainly, it's not -- I'm not criticizing them for that at this time.

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But here we are in July with a cost of gas framework that might put us in an anticipated volatile period to adjust back to the standard framework, where 1.2295 is the initial rate. If that meant collecting the different -- the delta for June and July, the Company -- the Department would support that.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. So, what I'd suggest is that all the parties include in their closing the question of 1.2295 with the 25 percent, you know, headroom that the Company can go up another 25 percent, or if the 1.2295 is a cap.

CMSR. SIMPSON: Yes. Did the Company -- may I ask, if the Company contemplated

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1 whether the 1.22 -- \$1.23 per MMBtu rate would be 2. subject to the 25 percent allowance, one way or 3 the other? 4 MR. SHEEHAN: When we made the filing, 5 we did not request that permission, which was the 6 norm. 7 CMSR. SIMPSON: Yes. MR. SHEEHAN: In part, because of the 8 9 order in the Northern case saying "No". 10 CMSR. SIMPSON: Yes. 11 MR. SHEEHAN: We're okay with it 12 staying that way, for all the reasons we know 1.3 with these high prices. We certainly won't 14 object to having the flexibility, if the 15 Commission, really, as a policy matter, opts to 16 give it to us, and we would then follow the 17 normal course, probably bumping it up to help 18 offset that \$2 million projected 19 under-collection. 20 Does that help? 21 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: It does. 2.2 CMSR. SIMPSON: Yes. 23 CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I think that the 24 challenge, of course, is that the NYMEX rates are down right now from the original projection. So, we're just trying, as Commissioners, we're just trying to balance, you know, all the ins and outs, and to not overcharge and undercharge. So, that's the challenge.

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MR. SHEEHAN: And the other thought we have, and it is -- we're all guessing now what's going to happen over the next 12 months, is, if next summer returns to something like normal, having to absorb the under-collection won't be as big a burden as it would be to add it onto the rates now.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes.

MR. SHEEHAN: And you may decide to approve something less than \$1.22 just for that reason. So, we'll ease the pain now or spread it over next summer. Of course, there's a risk that next summer is worse, and then we've made the wrong guess.

CMSR. SIMPSON: Uh-huh.

MR. SHEEHAN: So, we are sticking with the request for the 1.22, and without the bandwidth. But, obviously, we'll do what you folks think is best.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Sheehan.

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CMSR. SIMPSON: And I just want to make sure I fully understand the Department's position. That that is the only outstanding issue that the Department takes exception to within the requested Petition?

MS. SCHWARZER: The Department reserves its right with regard to potentially retroactive rates for Summer of 2021. But it's not arguing that here. We take no position. We just note the issue and reserve our right to pursue it at a later time.

But the framework, we would strongly urge departure from the flat rate framework, even identifying 1.2295 as the "maximum" rate, and projecting an initial rate backwards from that for this year. Consistency across time of the cost of gas framework would be preferable in the Department's position.

And, certainly, if Liberty wants -- if the Company's best judgment is that next summer will be lower, and it prefers to keep the 2.6 million under-recovery, then we would recommend,

as we tried to seek in the 2-1 Data Request, that the 1.2295 be treated as the maximum cost of gas rate for the adjusted mid-season period.

CMSR. SIMPSON: Okay.

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MS. SCHWARZER: And the lower initial rate be sort of reverse-manufactured, if you will.

CMSR. SIMPSON: And then, with respect to the 2021 under-recovery issue, where the Department has expressed a concern with respect to retroactive ratemaking, you mentioned you reserve the right to pursue that elsewhere. Do you have a vision for a forum where you might --where you might pursue that, and suggestions to the Commission, given the pendency of the issue and the fluctuations in this market, how we move forward in this docket?

MS. SCHWARZER: In this docket, we are not asking an adjustment in the rates, just a reservation of the issue. As was done in the historic demand charge docket, which I believe was 20-152, issues had been reserved. And, so long as they're reserved, given that money is somewhat fungible, it would be that having

reserved it, it would be that the Department's position that, when it comes time to reconcile the Summer of 2022, --

CMSR. SIMPSON: Uh-huh.

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MS. SCHWARZER: -- or even the Summer of 2023, it is, I think, likely that there will be more definition around "retroactive ratemaking" in light of the new docket 22-041, with regard to the RDAF retroactive ratemaking issue.

And then, once there's either more clarity in that docket, or more clarity as the Department and the parties have discussed it, in the traditional expected reconciliation of the summer under-/over-recovery going forward, we would clarify whether we were pursuing it or not pursuing it without further fanfare.

CMSR. SIMPSON: So, to summarize, the

Department is supportive of the Company's request
to revise their current cost of gas rates to

reconcile or to adjust for the Summer 2022

period, but you are not offering any

recommendation with respect to the sought

adjustment for the Summer '21 period?

MS. SCHWARZER: No, I'm sorry. We are explicitly approving, agreeing, and supporting the 1.2295 rate, presumably as a maximum rate, and reserving the right to challenge a portion of that later.

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CMSR. SIMPSON: Thank you. That's very helpful.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Sadly, I released the witnesses. But I would say that, in my view, and, again, it can be addressed in closing, if desired, the 2021 gas rates are actuals. So, we know exactly what that is. We've rolled that into 2022. And we're now doing estimates, because, obviously, 2022 is not closed. So, it's not really, in my opinion, retroactive. It's more a rolling number. The number will always roll. There will always be something that rolls from year to year, because it won't be perfect.

So, as long as we true-up on the actuals in 2021, and then eventually we'll true-up on the actuals in 2022, that will roll into 2023.

So, I don't -- you can address it in your closing, if you wish. But I don't see how

it's anything other than a sort of a rolling number that keeps getting trued up. That's my opinion. I'm not ruling from the Bench, rather just disclosing my full mind.

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So, without any further adieu, let's move to closing. And we'll begin with the Office of Consumer Advocate, and I'll recognize Attorney Kreis.

MR. KREIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I quess I'll start where you just left off.

I do not have a good faith basis upon which to disagree with what you just said, about whether what we are confronting here is retroactive ratemaking. And, as I said at the beginning of the hearing, I want to be very consistent and careful about what I say to the Commission about "retroactive ratemaking", because, when I think it's happening, it should be stopped in its tracks.

But there are a lot of reconciling mechanisms that "roll", to use the verb that the Chairman just used, and I think that there are good public policy reasons for having those mechanisms in place. And I don't want to confuse

the use of those mechanisms with things that legitimately consist of retroactive ratemaking.

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And without -- without inspiring

Attorney Sheehan to, you know, offer up yet

another peroration about his RDAF problem, -
CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: He does get to go

last, sir, so --

MR. KREIS: -- I just want to say, I truly believe that is an example of retroactive ratemaking, that can be distinguished from the mechanism that we are talking about here. And I just want to be intellectually honest about this issue, if nothing else.

So, in light of that, I agree with the Department of Energy that it is appropriate for the Commission to approve the maximum rate that the Company is proposing here. I haven't heard anything today that gives me a reason to urge you to do anything else.

I believe I'm the only person in the room who actually can claim to own a crystal ball. But, nevertheless, I, too, can't predict, with accuracy, what will happen to natural gas prices on the NYMEX, or anything else about the

future of natural gas. Who knows, there might be another explosion next week in Texas, and what effect will that have, or any number of other crazy things that might happen near and far in the world.

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And, so, I just have no basis for second-guessing anything that the Company has asked you to approve here today.

Like, I think, the Commissioners, I don't have any objection to the Commission telling the Company that, if it wants to have some 25 percent headroom to change that rate, if conditions warrant, I'm okay with that. Because, in general, even though my job is to keep rates in check the best I can, I do have an engrained dislike, as Consumer Advocate, in things that kick cans down the road, and raise the specter of tomorrow's ratepayers paying for today's good faith mistakes to forecast the future accurately, if that makes any sense.

Commissioner Simpson is interested in this question of the Fixed Price Option. And I guess I don't honestly know what the appropriate time for the Commission to make its ruling about

the Fixed Price Option really is. The Company hasn't come to you today and asked you to decide, yes or no, about a Fixed Price Option for this coming winter.

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I heard Attorney Schwarzer point out correctly that lots of consumers appreciate the opportunity to lock in their energy prices as they begin their winter. That is a true proposition generally.

But I think it's important for all of us to keep in mind that, in an unregulated context, if you are, say, a fuel oil customer, who locks in a price with your fuel oil dealer for the winter, you're essentially entering into a risk arbitrage arrangement with the owners of that fuel oil company. And that makes a lot of sense. They're willing to do that, consumers are willing to do that. There's an exchange of value here that — there that makes sense.

But, in this context, at a regulated utility like Liberty, the arbitrage is essentially between the fixed price ratepayers and all ratepayers. And I just find that to be anathema as a matter of public policy. I mean,

ratepayers simply shouldn't bet against each other that way. It's not fair, it's not reasonable. And I'm the guy who gets all the phone calls from the outraged Liberty customers, who at first were annoyed with me for having asked you to raise the FPO rate at the beginning of last winter, because, if you recall, originally, the FPO rate was actually lower than the regular rate, and that didn't work. And, then, by the end of the winter, the Fixed Price Option customers weren't feeling really aggrieved and unfairly treated and beaten up by the way the market actually evolved.

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If just don't think it's good policy for the Commission to put customers in that kind of a position, even if those customers are of the sort who would appreciate the ability to lock in a price. You know, electric customers get to lock in a price, right, for their default service, because that's the way the Commission requires its electric utilities to fix the price of default energy service. But that doesn't work on the gas side, and it's just the nature of using that particular fuel for heating in the

1 winter.

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And, so, therefore, at whatever point the Commission deems it appropriate to do so, I suggest that the Commission impose the death penalty on the Liberty Utilities' Fixed Price Option.

I think that's all I have to say, unless the Commissioners have any questions for me?

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes. Just briefly. Can you refresh my memory, do any other -- well, does the other gas utility have a fixed price option?

MR. KREIS: It does not.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: So, it's just a Liberty issue.

MR. KREIS: Yes.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Because I was thinking that perhaps an IR docket would be the way to resolve it, but it's just a one-company issue.

Would you care to leverage your years of experience and wisdom to help guide us, in terms of how to get to resolution on this

question?

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MR. KREIS: Well, I certainly have no objection to you determining, in your order in this docket, that you do not want to see a Fixed Price Option. The Company can change the tariff that's required.

I haven't looked at what the tariff language actually says. It may simply say that "the utility may ask the Commission for approval of a fixed price option", in which case, you don't need a tariff change, you just need to exercise your authority to say "HET" or "no", to stick with English, I guess.

I'm not sure I've answered your question adequately, and I've kind of lost my thread.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: No. No, I think that's actually very helpful. And maybe Attorney Sheehan, in closing, can maybe give us some additional thoughts, as can Attorney Schwarzer.

So, okay. Thank you, Attorney Kreis.

Let's move to the closing for the New Hampshire

Department of Energy, and Attorney Schwarzer.

MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman.

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Let me just start with the FPO matter, since we've just heard from the OCA. That matter was not noticed for this docket, nor are we prepared to address it at this time.

It is my belief, based on reading it, the tariff language, a few months ago, that there is a specific requirement that the FPO offer be made. And, to that extent, it seems tricky to wait until the actual Winter 2022-2023 cost of gas order to eliminate it, if other customers have received and accepted what they expect to be an FPO price.

so, we would urge people to reserve -resolve it sooner, rather than later, or include
language, in whatever letters are sent, that
notifies people perhaps that the tariff might be
resolved. It should not be a surprise, we would
hope, just for the mere fact that the tariff is a
contract that controls the relationship between
the company and the consumer.

But it was not noticed here. And, so, we would object to resolving it prematurely.

The Department urges that there be a

 $\{07-13-22\}$

{DG 21-130}

return to the standard cost of gas framework and mechanism. As it happens, in this instance, with Liberty describing its ongoing and relentless intent not to move beyond 1.2295, which is, of course, it's prerogative, that sounds very much like a maximum rate. And if we take 75 percent of that rate, we hit 0.92212, which is remarkably close to what Northern is now charging. And, given the reference to the letter that was — that I hope the Commission took administrative notice of, that the rate for Northern of 0.9126 is currently resulting in an over-collection, at least for Northern.

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It might be -- it would be wonderful, from the Department's perspective, were the order rephrased in the standard format.

I'm surprised that the retroactive issue has taken as much attention as it did, because it was the Department's intent to avoid focusing much upon that issue by simply asking the Commission to note that we wish to preserve it for a future time, and reserve the right to seek recovery of the 3.2, in the event that it is retroactive.

But I would like to comment on, Mr.

Chairman, on your comment about a "rolling balance be trued up". Because the reconciliation

4 framework is generally a 12-month framework.

5 And, because there is an order in place from the

6 Commission, Order 26,480, that says "once the

7 over or under-recovery is approved and included

8 in the upcoming period's rates, the incurred

9 costs are considered prudent, and the over or

under-recovery will not be retroactively

11 adjusted."

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In the unusual circumstance here,

EnergyNorth does both its winter and summer up

front in the fall. Unlike Liberty-Keene, where

the summer reconciliation from the Company and

the Department's audit come out before the summer

cost of gas ruling. Here, the Company, and I

have not reread it in detail, perhaps it puts

everyone on notice that the reconciliation is an

estimate, but my -- consistent with past cost of

gas cases, my belief would be was that the

under-recovery was simply identified. And that,

in that instance, it is my obligation, as a

lawyer, to point out potentially contrary

authority, to simply preserve the matter.

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So, I won't spend more time on it, because it's not even a fully developed position for the Department. We take no position, and only ask that the issue be preserved, so that there's -- so, we don't miss the chance, having failed to say something, to seek recovery at a future time.

We would just note, for Exhibit -Revised Exhibit 51, that the responses to 3.1 are
appropriate, and we believe helpful. That the
responses to 3-2 seem to misinterpret at least
where we thought we were going with that
question, to the extent that they include the
1.2295 in the June and July rates, when that is
no longer possible, because the period has
passed. So, I believe the tables or schedules
filed responsibly to 3.2 may not be as helpful as
was hoped.

So, thank you. We have nothing else.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Okay. Thank you.

And, finally, we'll move to the Company, and

Attorney Sheehan.

MR. SHEEHAN: Thank you.

{DG 21-130} {07-13-22}

We appreciate the parties' support for the proposed rate of 1.22. It was calculated in the normal way we took the filing from last fall, made the adjustments they testified to, and there's nothing unusual about it, other than the fact that it's a high price.

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As mentioned earlier, we're not requesting the 25 percent bandwidth. It's certainly up to the Commission whether you want to give us that option. Or, the other option that counsel mentioned of setting it at 90 cents, in effect, it would still be a \$1.22 rate. I'm not sure that changes anything. So, we appreciate that, and we ask the Commission to approve that rate.

I'll just touch on a few of the other topics discussed today.

The FPO, at this time, we don't intend to suspend or eliminate the FPO. It is a program that a lot of our customers partake of. Ms.

McNamara estimated the number, and I think she was in the ballpark. And it's a topic of testimony every year in the fall cost of gas.

So, you could certainly go there and see whether

it's 12,000 or 22,000. But it's a significant number of people that do that.

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And I take Mr. Kreis's arguments seriously. They make a good point. There's a policy reason to go that way. But it's not our -- we're not proposing that here.

We're certainly open to discussions with the stakeholders and the Commission, during even this proceeding, of what to do with the FPO. The Company does have other options, and we have a Budget Billing Program, where they take your yearly bill and divide it by twelve, and reconcile that. So, the customers have other options.

But sometime last winter I read every

FPO order over the last 20 years. And the

consistent phrase from the Commission was

"customers like predictability", and that was the

justification for the program over and over

again.

Northern did have one. It was eliminated quite a few years ago, for the reason that Northern's portfolio can hedge pretty much their entire requirements. I forget the number,

70, 80, 90 percent, they can lock in before the winter, because they don't have that same exposure to Dracut. Yet, we wouldn't want to lock that in, because of the uncertainty of high prices.

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So, because they're so significantly hedged, by offering the FPO, the likelihood of cross-subsidies is much, much lower. And, so, in effect, those customers are hedging against more modest swings, whereas, in Liberty's case, there are the scenarios as Mr. Kreis just described.

So, anyway, those are the competing concerns there. Our customers certainly like it. They use it. There are certainly reasons to reexamine it, and we're happy to have those discussions.

And I agree that, if there's any way to do that under the guise of this docket, we're happy to jump right in. And, as Ms. Schwarzer said, if we're not going to do it this fall, we would need to know sooner rather than later.

On hedging, there's been a lot of good discussion about our hedging program. I can say that we gave a presentation to Staff and OCA a

couple weeks ago. Your conversation today probably covered 30-40 percent of it. We're happy to do the same for you. We could invite these same parties into the room, as a status conference, if you will. Pick the docket, and, again, it could be this one. And we would bring in Debbie and Debbie's team to make a presentation and answer any questions you have, just as an informational session.

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That will roll into our IRP this winter. That's part of it. It's focused on hedging, but there's a lot of overlap.

I think the Chair has the concept of the reconciling mechanism just right, it is a rolling number. We get an ending balance in October, and, frankly, regardless of what made up that number, whether it's fuel costs being higher or lower, or whatever, that just is a starting for the next summer. And, again, when that period is over, we don't look back to see "Okay, how many dollars of the summer before are left over or not", it's just the next balance.

And it's good to keep an eye on that, because, in effect, we are spreading one summer's

cost perhaps over more than one. But it really is just the starting point to have all the pluses and minuses that happened during that period.

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On the "retroactive ratemaking" issue, for a reconciling mechanism, our position is they are incompatible, because reconciling mechanisms are sort of -- it's not ratemaking. I mean, it's adjusting a rate that was -- not "adjusting", truing up a rate that was approved. It's not changing rates.

If you think about it, the Commission sets a cost of gas rate today at \$1.22, customers aren't going to pay \$1.22. At the end of the year, they're going to pay probably a little more or a little less. So, by truing that up to what was actually paid is not retroactive ratemaking, it's truing up a reconciling mechanism to get the actual costs coming and going.

The order that counsel cites about

the -- that conflated these two concepts, that

was a case where Liberty signed a contract for

Keene for the compressed natural gas facility, in

the Summer of -- I think it was 2017, thinking

we'd start the service that summer. For a

million reasons, we didn't. We actually had to pay on that contract for two years before CNG went live in 2019. So, in that case, that was a component of the cost of gas, because it was a demand charge in effect for the CNG.

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In that case, Staff then challenged that, signing that contract, as being imprudent, and Commission found it was. So, what they did is you removed those demand charges as a imprudent cost. It wasn't a -- as a component of those reconciling charges.

So, the analogy here would be, "did we do something imprudent?" Sign a contract that wasn't wise, Debbie bought gas on a day that was -- she shouldn't have bought it here, should have bought it there. That's a different concept.

And to conflate that kind of prudence determination with a reconciling mechanism as being retroactive ratemaking, I think is an improper -- sort of conflating two concepts improperly.

I think that's all I have. We beat the horse pretty well today.

Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I would like to just ask the OCA quickly. There's two ways to solve the problem. There's the "make everything a fixed rate for six months" or "eliminate one of the programs". Would you suggest kind of going with the default service for gas, as opposed to the -- because your concern is, right, there's two options, and, so, you know, customers are competing against each other for the right option.

Would you prefer, like a default service style "six month is fixed" option?

MR. KREIS: In other words, put everybody on a fixed price option?

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Yes, sir.

MR. KREIS: That's a really interesting question. I wonder if you might let me think about that, before committing myself to one approach or another? It's a legitimate question, and I just don't want to answer that one off the top of head.

I will say that I'd like to quote

Commissioner Ellsworth, Bruce Ellsworth, who used

to sit up on this Bench, back when it was across town. And he always said "I reserve the right to get smarter as I get older."

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And, so, that that means that none of us should ever hesitate to change our mind about things.

CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: I'm reminded of King Lear, but we won't go there at 5:00 p.m.

CMSR. SIMPSON: It looked like, Ms Schwarzer, did you have something you wanted to add?

MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. I guess I was not -- I did not engage in the reasons that I felt that the Liberty-Keene case was different from those described by Attorney Sheehan. And, basically, I believe Liberty had argued that the rate was approved, both prospect -- was found prudent, because it was a foreseeable rate that had been approved, and that's why the Commission went, in its order, into the history of the cost of gas mechanism, and the reasoning and the format and the process of the cost of gas mechanism, and came up with the statement that "Once the prior year's under-recovery was the

1	nugget of the new year, it was prudent and
2	final."
3	So, we do not need to resolve that
4	today. But I appreciate a chance to put on the
5	record that I just didn't engage in that level of
6	discussion, because all we sought to do was to
7	preserve the issue.
8	Thank you.
9	CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: Thank you.
10	Commissioner Simpson, anything else?
11	CMSR. SIMPSON: No. Thank you.
12	CHAIRMAN GOLDNER: All right. Okay.
13	Well, I think we have everything we need. I'll
14	thank everyone.
15	We'll take the matter under advisement
16	and issue an order. We are adjourned.
17	(Whereupon the hearing was adjourned
18	at 4:58 p.m.)
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